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VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 14, 1893. NO. 87.

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RUGS AND MATS in great variety. Call and be convinced that our statement is correct.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO.

DIED AT THEIR POST

Two Iowa Policemen Found Full of Bullet Holes.

SUPPOSED TO BE TRAMP'S WORK

Counsel Carter Still Talking to the Behring Sea Commissioners.

A Colored Murderer's Explation—King Alexander Will Govern Servia Himself—The Imperial Federationists Receive Another Set Back--The Latest About the Insurrection in Chili.

Dubuque, Iowa, April 14.—About 3 o'clock this morning Officer Firth, of the Milwaukee Railroad, was found dying in the company's yards. A few moments later another officer, Talcott, was found in the same condition on the platform of a coach. Both policemen died soon after being found. The constables were shot, it is supposed, by tramps whom they attempted to dislodge. The yard showed that a terrible struggle had taken place. Firth was shot twice, once in the back and the other in the neck, while Talcott's wound was over the left eye.

Inopportune Federationists.

London, April 14.—Mr. Gladstone's reception of the imperial federation league to-day indicates that the government will not call an immediate conference, the time being inopportune, but he approves of the general idea of strengthening imperial defences in concert with the colonies.

Mr. Gladstone strongly repudiated the idea that Great Britain would ever abandon free trade to adopt a perferential tariff throughout the Empire.

Carter Still Talking.

Paris, April 13.—Mr. Carter, continuing his argument before the Behring Sea commission, admitted that the fact that pelagic sealing was wrong did not give the United States the right to interfere; but he contended that when it was proved that such sealing seriously injured an American industry, it became the duty of the United States to stop the practice. Lord Salisbury had contended that only piracy justified the seizure of vessels on the high seas, but both piracy and the slave trade had been suppressed because they were injurious to humanity at large. The American counsel failed to see how they differed from pelagic sealing, which was also injurious to humanity. After luncheon Mr. Carter began by declaring that however valuable to the United States the seal herd might be, its greatness as a nation forbade its accepting any decision unless founded on the principles of justice. He was convinced that Great Britain shared these views, and demanded only a decision dictated by these principles. The decision, said Mr. Carter, ought to be a monument for future generations. He appealed to the members of the court to dismiss from their minds any feelings of partiality, and to give their judgment, not as citizens of any particular country, but as citizens of the world. The question at stake was a moral one. The controversy, however, was one between nations. The particular code of morals of either country therefore was inadmissible. The tribunal must base its decision upon the great moral principles common to all humanity. Mr. Carter had not finished when the court adjourned.

Paris, April 14.—Mr. Carter, counsel for the United States, continued his address to-day before the Behring Sea court of arbitration. He further discussed the law governing the tribunal and likened unrestricted destruction of seals to pelagic piracy. He devoted some time to discussing the original rights of Russia in Behring Sea, which he claimed were founded on the right of discovery of the waters by Russian navigators, whose achievements Carter related and delineated to the court with the assistance of a large map exhibited on the wall, and which embraced a description of Behring Sea and adjoining regions.

The Convict Labor Question.

St. Louis, Mo., April 14.—An international association of broom-makers is to be brought into existence at a national convention to be held in this city two weeks hence. The movement had its origin in the fact that the broom-makers are compelled to compete with convict labor in the eastern and central states to a greater extent than any other trade, while on the Pacific coast they are almost forced to the wall by the Chinese. A meeting of the executive committee of the St. Louis union is to be held to-day to make the preliminary arrangements for the gathering, and C. J. Anderson, of Denver, the temporary national secretary, will arrive in the city in a few days and establish headquarters. The movement has been endorsed by the American Federation of Labor, and this body will send fraternal delegates to the convention.

Arbor Day in Illinois.

Springfield, Ill., April 14.—In accordance with a proclamation of Governor Altgeld to-day is being observed throughout the state as Arbor Day. In the country districts the school children have been given a holiday in order that they may plant trees, shrubs and vines, but in the large cities the observance of the day is simply nominal.

Minus

Chicago, April 14.—If anybody between Chicago and Seattle should happen to stumble over the left flipper of a humpback whale he will confer a great favor upon Dr. Calhoun, Percy W. Rochester, and several other World's Fair commissioners from the state of Washington, by reporting the discovery at once. Telegrams were flashing back and forth yesterday between Jackson Park and Seattle because of the failure of the left flipper to appear when it was wanted, and when the city was shrouded in darkness the hunt was still going on.

Blown From Her Moorings.

San Juan, B.C., April 14.—In yesterday's gale the steamer Mountain Chief broke from her anchorage and had a very narrow escape from becoming a total loss. She was rescued with difficulty and brought back to her moorings. The gale was a very violent one.

—Wall paper remnants and last season's patterns at greatly reduced prices at Weller Bros.

PROBABLY FATAL FALL.

A Sailor Tumbles Into the Hold of a Ship --Australian Frozen Beef.

Vancouver, April 14.—South Vancouver municipality passed a by-law to borrow $35,000 by 73 to 0. Yesterday they held a meeting to protest against the action of the government in putting off redistribution.

Henry Earl, a sailor on the ship Blairholye, fell into the hold and may die.

The first shipment of Australian frozen beef came in yesterday. The importers intend making it a staple article when the new line is established.

On the strength of the verbal opinion of the Minister of Education, Wm. Brown, a member of the school board, was allowed a salary of $75 a month as supervisor of city schools in January. He was asked for a written opinion and now holds that no trustee may receive remuneration for any service performed for the board, though for years the government has paid part of the salary of the secretary, who is also a school trustee. At a meeting Wednesday night, both the secretary and supervisor were dispensed with. Chairman Brown resigned and G. I. Wilson was appointed. The board is now looking for a secretary. The board cannot understand why Hon. James Baker's verbal and written opinions should differ so much.

Miss Parkenson, of Victoria, has been appointed teacher for the new room to be opened.

Important Property Transfer.

New York, April 14.—Mr. Henry C. Minor has purchased from Henry Clapp's estate the property at the northeast corner of Twenty-fifth street and Madison street. The price was $350,000. The house will be used by Minor as a residence, but he said last night if the neighborhood improved as much in the near future as it has in the past he expected to erect a theatre on the site in a year or two, to be known as the Goodwin Comedy Theatre, with Mr. Nat Goodwin as the permanent attraction.

Recaptured His Wife.

Newman, Ill., April 14.—W. J. Williams, a farmer living near Sidell, passed through this city on his way home last night in company with his run-away wife, who eloped with a hired man named Wells last Monday. Before leaving the woman took $1,700 of her husband's money, which Wells appropriated soon after eloping. Williams found his wife in a hotel in Terre Haute, where her paramour had left her. Before leaving Terre Haute the woman created a sensation by attempting to shoot her seducer, but was prevented by her husband. Williams is wealthy and about 67, while his wife is only 16. They had been married only three days when the elopement took place.

Died of a Man's Bite.

St. Louis, April 14.—John Buttermore, the Democratic central committeeman from the Twenty-sixth ward of St. Louis, died yesterday morning from erysipela, the result of bites received on election day in a fight with Gus Vogel, a well-known Republican politician and ex-committeeman, while the ballots were being counted on election night at precinct 142. Buttermore and Vogel became involved in a dispute on the chances of the two candidates. Hard words passed between the two men and they clinched after striking several blows. The police interfered and friends separated them. Buttermore was bleeding from a bite on the cheek and ear, but was uninjured otherwise. A few days ago he was taken ill and erysipelas set in. A physician was called but was unable to check it. Yesterday morning Buttermore expired in great agony. The injury which indirectly caused his death was on the lobe of the left ear.

The Chilian Insurrection.

Valparaiso, April 14.—In the Herald of Santiago is published a report that the Government has received word from Washington on the subject of the refugees in the United States legation. The contents of the communication are kept as an official secret. It is reported that the Chilian government has sent word to Washington requesting that Minister Egan be requested to deliver up the refugees as ordinary criminals. Troops have been sent to guard all the Cordillera passes. Further details of the plot, the discovery of which resulted in the proclamation of a state of siege, have been received. It is now given out that on the evening of April 10th, the police noticed groups suspiciously collected in the parks. Word was sent the president and an order was issued for the troops in the barracks to march to the scene and disperse them.

Instructions were given to have the orders executed with as much secrecy as possible. Many were taken prisoners, including the leader, and on them were found dynamite, revolvers and compromising papers. It is believed that they intended to attack the president.

Hanged for Murder.

Camden, N. J., April 14.—John Hill, colored, was hanged here this morning. The drop fell at 10:33, death being instantaneous.

John Hill was a colored lad of 19. He shot and killed Joseph Dobson, aged 21, also colored, on October 16th last. Hill and Dobson quarrelled over politics. They were frequenters of a saloon run by Albert Reed and Marwood Derrickson, both colored. They were in the place on the night before the murder, and at 1 o'clock on Sunday morning Hill secretly took a revolver from the till and went out. He hid behind a tree and when Dobson passed shot him down. The murderer then returned the revolver and told what he had done. He was captured the same afternoon and made a confession, in which he declared that Reed and Derrickson had hired him to commit the deed for the compensation of $2.50, and promised to get him off should he be arrested. Reed and Derrickson were arrested as accomplices. Hill was convicted and sentenced to be hanged. He told his spiritual adviser, Rev. James Scott, that he alone was responsible for Dobson's death. A short time ago, when he found out that all hope of a reprieve had gone, he also said that his story implicating the saloonkeepers was false. Reed and Derrickson had previously been acquitted on the charge of murder.

Will Do His Own Ruling.

Belgrade, April 14.—King Alexander has arrested the regents and ministers of Servia. He declares that he has attained his majority and has assumed the government of the country.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

A MOTHER'S HEROISM

She Wanted to Rescue Her Child From a Burning House.

A SHIP'S EXPERIENCE WITH ICEBERGS

A Soldier Who Could Not Marry Into a Colored Family.

Rumored Fight Over a Townsite on the Canadian Boundary—The New Australian Line After a British Subsidy—A Raid Said to be Planned on the U. S. Treasury.

Gold Hill, Ore., April 14.—About 8 o'clock yesterday morning fire broke out in Charles White's residence on Rogue River, about five miles below Gold Hill. The elder boys, aged 12 and 14 years, had arisen and built a fire in the open grate of the sitting-room, and had then left the room to attend to outside work. Etta Adams, the domestic, who was preparing breakfast in the kitchen, heard a commotion just as Mr. White ran out of his bedroom and undertook to open a door where an eight-year-old boy was sleeping, but the flames rushing into the room he shut the door and ran for a window through which he hoped to save his child. At this moment his wife opened the door and attempted to rescue the child. Her husband seeing her perilous situation, seized her and dragged her from the flames, but not until her face and hands had been burned to a crisp. The child was burned beyond recognition.

Drew the Line at Color.

St. Joseph, Mo., April 14.—Two years ago J. M. Shattuck, drum major in Company K, Seventh Regiment, U. S. cavalry, stationed at Fort Wingate, N. M., met and fell in love with Miss Annie Brown, a dressmaker. His love was reciprocated and the date was fixed for the wedding. Three months ago Miss Brown left Wingate for her home in St. Joseph to prepare for her approaching wedding and Shattuck was to meet her in Chicago two weeks from to-day, when they would be married. Last week he received a furlough and left for the north. He determined to go to St. Joseph to meet his sweetheart. At Lincoln, Neb., he telegraphed her to meet him at the station on his arrival, home, where she introduced him to her home, wher eshe introduced him to her father and mother, both colored. The surprise of the young soldier was great and he at once declared the engagement off.

Icebergs at Sea.

New York, April 14.—The ship Frances, which arrived from San Francisco yesterday, had a rough and perilous voyage. She was 117 days making the trip. On Feb. 16th she passed three icebergs, the forerunners of a heavy floe, which she met next day. Some of the bergs in this pack were 500 feet high and six miles in length, one particularly large one being estimated by Capt. Donne to be 20 miles square in area and its average height 300 feet. The ship was nearly three days in passing the floe.

Rumored Townsite War.

Spokane, Wash., April 14.—A bloody townsite war is reported at the Canadian boundary. Several persons are said to have been killed, but no particulars are at hand yet.

Death of Longfellow's Son.

Boston, Mass., April 14.—Charles Longfellow, son of the poet, died this morning after a lingering sickness. He lived with his sister, Alice Longfellow, in the old family mansion. Miss Longfellow is suffering from a severe attack of rheumatism.

The B. C. Australian Line.

London, April 14.—The British government is being approached for a grant for a naval cruiser allowance to the new Canada-Australian steamship line between British Columbia and Australian ports.

Sir Donald Smith Recovering.

Montreal, April 14.—Sir Donald A. Smith has sufficiently recovered from the effects of his recent indisposition to be out, and yesterday for the first time he was allowed to go to his office.

The Shipping Summary.

New York, April 14.—Arrived Thursday, 13:—SS. Lahn, Southampton; Obda, Boulougne; Broadmayne, South Shields; Lake Ontario, Liverpool, via Halifax; Powhattan, Gibraltar, via Boston; Norwegian, Bremerhaven.

Arrived out: Aller from New York at Southampton; Donia from New York at Hamburg; Dereuter from New York at Antwerp; Olinda from New York at Lisbon; Mohican from New York at Bristol; Robina from New York at Lisbon; America from New York at Bremerhaven; Jersey City from New York at Bristol; Principia from New York at Leith.

Sighted: SS. Venetia from New York for Stettin, off Dunnett Head; Chicago from New York off the Lizard.

Sailed from foreign ports: SS. Britannic from Queenstown for New York; SS. Dresden from Bremen for New York; SS. Standard from Cuxhaven for New York; SS. Apollo from Antwerp for New York; Cilurnum from Christiania for New York; SS. Gulf of Mexico from Bremen for New York.

Anticipating a Raid.

Baltimore, Md., April 14.—The additional barricades placed about the subtreasury offices in the custom house are the result of information received some time ago by Chief Drummond that a raid upon the vaults, which contain about $13,000,000, had been planned by a band of cracksmen.

The Canal Mule's Thirness.

Tribes Hill, N. Y., April 14.—Daniel Stewart, formerly a farmer in the town of Florida, where he boarded canal mules at a dollar a week, has married a widow in Colorado who is largely interested in mining and possesses a fortune of $1,000,000. Stewart is over 60. Aside from the property of his wife, he is estimated to be worth $100,000 in his own name.

Heavy Cotton Failure.

Liverpool, April 14.—Samuel Williams and Co., cotton brokers, have failed. The liabilities are $250,000.

THE WORLD'S

Patricians Versus Populace—The Great Ferris Wheel—Directors Elected.

New York, April 13.—A large number of distinguished passengers arrived on the Majestic to-day. The most notable among these were: Joseph Dredge, the British royal commissioner to the World's exposition, and Walter H. Harris, who is assisting him in the transportation of an immense shipment of English exhibits for the fair. A large consignment of exhibits from Windsor castle, which are lent to the exposition by the Queen and the Prince of Wales, arrived on the Majestic with the commissioners. The exhibits which the two commissioners brought with them consist principally of royal Windsor tapestries. They possess a historical value as being the last specimen produced at the Windsor works, which went out of existence six years ago. Principal Harris carries with him a letter written by the Queen and addressed to the Fair committee, in which she wishes every success to the exposition, and adds that Great Britain is interested in the immense affair. Fifteen British journalists also arrived on the same steamer. They are the vanguard of a large delegation of English editors and proprietors who are coming here for the opening of the Columbian exposition.

Chicago, April 14.—The newly-elected directors of the World's Fair met in special session this morning and re-elected President H. N. Higinbotham, Ferd W. Peck and Treasurer A. F. Seeberger. W. K. Carlisle, son of Secretary John G. Carlisle, was re-elected attorney.

Americans, Turks, Singalese, Russians, Ceylonese and representatives of other nations, making a motley throng of a couple of thousand or more, gathered in the midway plaisance this morning and watched with interest the work of hoisting the imense iron sections of the Ferris wheel. Two 500 horse-power engines with heavy timber derricks were brought into requisition for the operation. The height to which the sections were hoisted was nearly 250 feet. The big fifty-ton axle was hoisted into place several days ago, and so far the critical task of placing the sections of the wheel in position has been accomplished without accident. Hundreds of engineers were among the spectators to-day, the operation being a kind of object lesson in civil engineering.

Whether or not the masses will be afforded an opportunity of participating in the opening of the World's Columbian exposition, of hearing Grover Cleveland's speech, and of seeing him touch the electric button will be finally decided by the council of administration to-day. The committee on ceremonies is divided on the point, one faction favoring the holding of the exercises in Music or Festival Hall, with some 2,500 special guests as an audience, while the other faction believes that the open air is good enough for the affair, so that all the visitors to the park on that eventful day may be counted as the audience. The blue-bloods who favor exclusiveness argue that if the weather is inclement the President could not be expected to speak in the open air, but their opponents contend that if he could stand for six or seven hours in a blizzard as he did on inauguration day in Washington without experiencing any personal discomfort, he would not be very likely to object to standing for 15 minutes on a platform in Jackson Park, even should the breeze from Lake Michigan be a trifle raw. If the people who want to make a star chamber of the opening exercises carry their way it is not unlikely that the other side will ask the President whether he would not prefer to talk to 100,000 people than to a couple of thousand.

The Cyclone.

Milan, Mich., April 13.—A cyclone passed through the country south of this village last night about 9 o'clock, levelling fences, blowing down buildings and doing a great deal of damage. At Clarksville a house was blown down and a woman killed.

Detroit, Mich., April 13.—A destructive cyclone swept over the township of Royal Oak in Oakland county, ten miles north of Detroit, last evening, demolishing houses, barns and out-buildings. Two persons were killed and a number injured.

Dundee, Mich., April 13.—A most terrific windstorm passed over here last night. At Read, three miles west of here, on the Cincinnati, Jackson and Mackinaw railway, only one building stands on its foundations. Overmyer's large store with the goods are scattered broadcast. Mrs. Jacob Heiser was killed, while her husband cannot recover. Mrs. Henry Crane had a leg broken, and her two farm houses were blown over and burned. The large grain elevator was blown to atoms. The Methodist church was completely ruined. Henry Barto had his barn wrecked and two valuable horses killed. The storm passed from the southwest to the northeast and every building in its path was laid low. Hundreds of acres of orchards were destroyed.

He Secreted His Treasure.

Bridgeport, Conn., April 14.—The late Captain Curtis, it is alleged, over three years ago, buried about $50,000 in the yard and secreted $12,000 in the house, all in gold coin. He promised to reveal the hiding place of both sums before he died. A month before the fatal termination of his illness he suddenly went mad and died without making his secret known. A remarkable part of the story is the part played in it by the dead man's sister, Sarah Curtis. She is over 80, and came from Southbury, Connecticut, to nurse him during his illness. It is supposed that she wormed part of the secret out of the sick man in the lucid intervals and followed up the clue. At any rate she left abruptly after his death and is now missing. A further search of the premises failed to reveal any hidden money.

May Become General.

London, April 14.—The danger of the failure of the dock laborers' strike at Hull threatens to lead to a general strike of members of the dock laborers' union at all the principal ports in the the Kingdom, greatly delayed the loading and discharging of cargoes. The dock laborers' union of Liverpool made a demand on the members of the shipping federation to discharge all non-union men, and for an advance in wages. It is believed that this is a prelude to similar action by the dock laborers elsewhere. There is a general belief that the shippers federation will not grant the demands and will make a test of strength with the union. The work is proceeding at Hull to-day with non-union men.

The Anti-Pool Bill.

Albany, N.Y., April 14.—The Saxton anti-pool bill passed the assembly by a vote of ayes 112 to nays 7. The bill now goes to the governor.

Wall Paper, Plate Glass, Paints, Etc. ★ ★ ★

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REDMOND ON HOME RULE.

The Noted Waterford Parnellite Lays His Views Before the House.

GLADSTONE OPPOSED TO CLOTURE.

A Chicago Gambler in Stocks Ruined by Rogues—Fierce Conflict Between Belgian Strikers and the Soldiers—Chinese Exclusion in the United States.

London, April 13.—The debate on the second reading of the home rule bill was continued in the house of commons. Right Hon. Henry Chaplin, who was president of the board of agriculture in Lord Salisbury's last cabinet, dissected the bill from the Conservative point of view, and pointed out the many flaws in it. Mr. Chaplin, in the course of his speech, took occasion to quote from the speech delivered by Mr. Gladstone in 1881, in which the improved conditions that had been effected in Ireland in the preceding twenty years were pointed out. Mr. Chaplin referred to the opinions of Carvour, Geffcken and Molinares against home rule, as disproving Mr. Gladstone's statement that foreign opinion was unanimously on his side. If Mr. Gladstone, exclaimed Mr. Chaplin, is going to take his principles from the foreign enemies of England, it is time he relinquished the care of the government. Continuing, he said the retention of the Irish members in the imperial parliament, as provided for in the bill, would prove the beginning of a system of danger and intrigue.

Mr. John Edward Redmond, Parnellite member for Waterford city, followed Mr. Chaplin. Mr. Redmond declared that the speech made by Mr. Chaplin was stale, flat and unprofitable. The former president of the board of agriculture, Mr. Redmond said, was a type of officials who had made Ireland disaffected, and the concession of home rule to that country was inevitable. Mr. Redmond took occasion to explain why he spoke. He said he would not have interfered in the debate, but he had found that his silence had been misunderstood, and he desired to make his position clear. The bill had been offered and accepted as a compromise measure. Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain had complained that the Irish members of the house did not accept the bill as a final settlement, and he agreed with Mr. Chamberlain that the final settlement would be found in the direction of federalism. He believed that the new constitution would be a success, and that for the future the bounds of freedom would be widened with the consent of all parties in England, unless Ireland had no capacity for self-government. This constitution was developed. It would be a rash man who would venture to say that it should be immutable for all time. Suppose a clause inserted in the bill were to be final, it would not be worth the paper it was written on. If Mr. Chamberlain meant by his complaint to impute bad faith to the Irish members, because they declined to accept the bill as a finality, he (Mr. Redmond) utterly disclaimed any such interpretation of their intentions. They protested, with all the earnestness at their command, their desire to accept the measure in an honest, candid spirit, and they hoped that the bill would speedily end the miserable chapter of English oppression and Irish resistance. He had never said that Ireland would repudiate imperial supremacy as had been charged. What he had said was that any interference with Ireland's free exercise of her new privileges would not be consistent with the trust England was about to place in Ireland. He was convinced that the necessity for interference would not arise, because rash or oppressive acts, should they be adopted by the home rule parliament, would be so many nails in the coffin of the constitution. Continuing his remarks, Mr. Redmond made an extended review of the history and basis of Ireland's demand for home rule. Mr. Redmond painted a picture of the consequence of the rejection of the home rule bill, and ridiculed the so-called Ulster argument. There might be a Belfast question, 46 per cent of the population of Ulster being Catholics. Many of the Protestant population were afraid to avow their sympathy with home rule. Mr. Redmond concluded with a warm appeal to the house to throw upon Irish shoulders the sobering influence of the responsibility of enabling Ireland to become prosperous, rich and happy—at least as contented, peaceful and free as England.

Right Hon. Leonard H. Courtney, Unionist member for the Bodmin division of Cornwall, said he saw no necessity for a home rule measure. He had grave misgivings as to whether an Irish parliament would deal with the various interests of the country as justly as the imperial parliament had dealt with them. He asked why the government had not borrowed a further safeguard from America, viz., the provision that no states shall pass any law subversive of obligations or contracts.

Right Hon. Mr. Morley, chief secretary for Ireland, here interposed the remark that the government had well considered that point, and would be able to give good reason for the course it had taken.

Right Hon. Mr. Gladstone, replying to Henry Labouchere, Radical member for Northampton, said that the course of the debate on the home rule bill did not warrant the invoking of the cloture rule.

Mr. Courtney, in concluding his remarks, said that but for Mr. Gladstone's scheme, he saw no reason why Ireland should not have by now local self-government, and Mr. Sexton have been made secretary for Ireland.

On motion of Home Secretary Asquith, the debate was adjourned.

CHICAGO'S MONTE CARLO.

A Notorious Gambler in Stocks Ruined by Two Sharper Rogues.

Chicago, April 13.—The most widely known bear speculator in the grain trade of the world last night acknowledged himself beaten if not ruined. In the interview Edward Pardridge talked wildly of his losses and of revenge, declaring that his wife's fortune and his real estate would yet enable him to redeem himself and down the enemies who he admitted had pushed him to the wall in the great May wheat deal.

There were scenes of wild excitement the board of trade when the movement began to boom May wheat to $1 a bushel. The whole trade seemed to feel that the fate of the great plunger, Ed. Pardridge, hung in the balance, and the feeling of nervousness and anxiety was widespread. He covered his enormous short sales heavily on Tuesday and the opening to-day found every one who had dealings with him calling on him heavily for margins away beyond the market. His position was supposed to be weakened by advances in July, as he was suspected of being short a lot of that month also.

It is said that he had been turning securities into money in large amounts for a week in anticipation of a squeeze, but his need for ready cash had to-day apparently only begun. Everything seemed to be conspiring with the big bull clique, headed by the multi-millionaire pork packers and speculators, Michael and John Cudahy, to make life a burden to the big bear. Weekly weather crop bulletins unfavorable to wheat continued and notwithstanding the widespread storms in West Kansas, showed that the drouth seemed practically unbroken. Correspondents wired. "No improvement in wheat. It is not a question of weather, for the damage is already done."

With a terrific roar May opened to 90 cents, an advance over night of 3 1-2 cents. It was supposed that this would bring the plunger down, but he was apparently still in the ring by a large majority, and the clique, seeing its mistake, began pounding the market with heavy offerings of one of the best known clique brokers, Linn, and inside of five minutes the quotations was 84 cents. A series of wild fluctations between that figure and 90 cents followed, until the excitement had exhausted itself. At the end of the first hour the market was comparatively steady, six cents under the opening figure, though another upheaval was looked for at any moment.

The bull game was to make heavy margins necessary, though disinclined to take much wheat at the highest figures. Pardridge was on the floor directing the operations of his brokers in person, and evidently unruffled. He hung stubbornly on his May position, but bought in some July, which he sold yesterday at a profit of one cent or more a bushel, thus executing a clever flank movement, and his apparent mastery of the situation elicited the admiration even of those who opposed him.

After unusual fluctations May wheat closed at 86 1-2 cents, within 1-4 cent of yesterday's prices. The range during the day was about six cents. With Pardridge's defeat there seems to be nothing prevent a consummation of the deal. As to the identity of the clique there is as much mystery as ever. Nobody is known in it but John and Michael Cudahy and "Sandy" Egelston. But few acquainted with the situation believe that these are the principals.

Ed. Pardridge, who has been apparently burst by the bull movements of Michael and Jack Cudahy and Sandy Egleston is a nervy little fellow, whom it would seem impossible to discourage, so full of life and energy is he. He is an extensive dry goods merchant and owns, or did own, if it is not all "liquidated" enormous quantities of real estate. For long he, as a bear, has been contending with the Cudahys and Egleston; Billy Linn, as he is termed, being the principal broker who manipulated matters for him. The present smash appears likely to be the culmination of the great Harper deal some months since, in which it is believed that Jim Keene was interested.

Chinese Exclusion Act.

Washington, April 13.—Extraordinary efforts will be made to secure an adjudication upon the Chinese exclusion act by the supreme court at this term. The matter has been the subject of correspondence between the governments of China and the United States, and at the request of the state department the department of justice has completed the necessary preliminaries in conjunction with counsel for the Chinese government and its subjects in this country. The argument in contempt, the arrest of a Chinese laborer in New York for violation of the terms of the law, a prompt decision in the lower courts, and an appeal to the supreme court of the United States, which may be heard on the 8th day of May, is outlined. If the programme be carried out, the decision will be rendered by the middle of May, at which time the court expects to adjourn sine die for the term. The argument for the United States government in support of the constitutionality of the law will be made by Solicitor Aldrich, and for the Chinese government by Choate, of New York, and Ashton, of this city.

Twenty Years' Hard Labor.

Paris, April 13.—In the anarchist trial to-day, which was concluded, Brico was found guilty as charged in the indictment and was sentenced to 20 years' penal servitude. Francois and Mary de Lange were acquitted.

Influx of Chinese.

Washington, April 13.—The treasury department was advised this afternoon that 657 Chinamen were arriving at Victoria, B.C., on the steamer Empress of Japan direct from Chinese ports. These Chinese are, it was said, all destined for the United States. The steamer Mogul had also arrived at Tacoma, Washington, with 159 Chinese on board, 147 of whom claimed to be merchants and entitled to land. Assistant Secretary Spaulding sent telegraphic instructions to the treasury officials at the Pacific ports to use the utmost care to prevent the law from being violated.

Russia Getting Ready.

Moscow, April 13.—In consequence of the news that has been received here today to the effect that China is gathering arms and other warlike material in Chinese Turkestan, adjoining the Pamir a Russian force of Cossacks and artillery to reinforce the garrison at Tioulta has been sent on.

Relieved From United States Rule.

Honolulu, April 13.—The American flag, which for two months has floated from the government buildings, has been hauled down, and the remaining forces of the cruiser Boston have been sent aboard. Nothing indicative of American authority remains in Honolulu save Counsel Stevens and Mr. Commissioner Blount. On April 1, Commissioner Blount declared the American protectorate off, and the Hawaiian flag was hoisted in place of that of the United States, giving as his reason that the Washington administration did not regard a protectorate as necessary, and, further, it was incompatible with any diplomatic negotiations that might be arranged between the two countries. The United States, however, would brook no hostile interference in Hawaiian affairs by any foreign power.

Invaders in a Fix.

Calcutta, April 13.—The Katchin rising in Burmah is becoming serious. Five hundred well armed Chinese have attacked two villages east of Scalia and have surrounded a detachment of 50 British soldiers. A strong relief force has been dispatched to the scene from Bhemo, and other reinforcements have been sent from Madras. It is stated that the governor of Yunnan is among the Chinese regulars to assist the Kachins. Chinese troops are engaged in suspicious movements on the Burmese frontier.

THE BELGIAN RIOTERS.

Fierce Conflict Between the Mob and the Gendarmerie.

Brussels, April 13.—There was a large and excited mob around the chamber of representatives to-day when the session was resumed. Many of the more turbulent of the mob were arrested. While ex-Minister Woeste was returning home from the chamber a man attacked him, striking him violently on the chin with his fist. The man tried to escape but was soon caught, after trying to draw a revolver on his pursuers. There was a savage encounter between the strikers and the gendarmes this evening in the town of Quaregdon, four miles from Mons. Three thousand strikers had raised a barricade in the Rue Monsville to prevent the gendarmes from patrolling their beats. The gendarmes promptly charged the mob, and one gendarme, who was knocked off his horse, was savagely treated by the mob. Several other gendarmes were seriously injured. The rioters afterwards sacked the shop of a butcher who had supplied the gendarmes with ropes with which to bind the rioters who had been arrested. The town of Paturage, near Mons, was also the scene of an encounter between the strikers and the gendarmes.

Among the persons arrested in Brussels this evening are the Socialist leaders Volders, Vanderveld and Mase Maes. They were arrested while inciting the rioters to further violence. It is reported that Anarchists distributed cartridges among the crowd. The civil guards have been called out and held in readiness for any emergency. They have been supplied with ball cartridges and instructed to act promptly and with all the severity necessary to suppress any disorder that may arise.

A mob of several thousands of rioters armed with paving stones and other missiles paraded the streets of the lower part of the city this evening. They smashed in the windows of many cafes and shops as they marched along. The windows of all the private houses were protected by closed shutters. In the Place de la Monnaie a conflict arose between the rioters and the police. The police charged the rioters, and with their sabres eventually succeeded in dispersing the mob. Several persons were severely injured. Many arrests were made.

The Corean Troubles.

Washington City, April 13.—Secretary Gresham said yesterday afternoon that the action of this government in directing Admiral Harmon to send a war vessel to Corea had been taken simply as a precautionary measure. No trouble had occurred, he said, but the Christians in Corea had been threatened, and it was to avert possible bloodshed that the United States had sent an armed ship to that country. It is believed at the State Department that the trouble originated through the machinations of native priests. Trouble of a similar nature has been frequent in China and the outbreaks there against missionaries have made the administration see the necessity for quick action in preventing any semblance of an uprising against the whites. While the information furnished the state department by its representatives in Seoul did not represent that any outbreak had occurred, but merely stated that an uprising was feared, Secretary Gresham lost no time in seeing that the protection asked for should be furnished. He applied to Secretary Herbert for a ship, and the request was granted immediately. Admiral Harmon has probably received Secretary Herbert's cable dispatch by this time, and it is likely that one of his vessels has started for Corea.

The Royalties.

Florence, April 13.—To-day King Humbert visited Queen Victoria at her villa, accompanied by the Duke of Aosta and the members of his cabinet who have come with him to Florence.

HEAVY CHANCES TAKEN.

To the Editor:—The action taken with regard to the last Empress certainly needs more explanation than has so far been given. Here is an infected ship, containing four cases of smallpox among the steerage passengers, one of whom has already died from the disease. The remainder are put in quarantine, but the officials of the ship decide (and the health authorities permit them) to land the saloon or first-class passengers, retaining, however, the steerage passengers and crew. Now what an utterly absurd proposition on the face of it. Any one with the smallest experience of life at sea wil understand this. The crew from the very nature of their duties have to mix with all classes of passengers on the various decks; it is also a well-known fact that saloon passengers are in the habit of exploring the steerage, some out of curiosity, some from philanthropic or religious motives. The question is, therefore, has the law been complied with in releasing this ship so early, and if any bad results ensue, who will be to blame? The chances are that everything is all right, but if not it will take but a very short time to develop. SAFETY.

THE INDIAN RESERVE.

To the Editor:—I understand that a farm of over six hundred acres in a rectangular block on the water front inside the sheltered inlet of Pedder Bay has been tendered the Dominion Government as a new "reserve."

Further, that the Indians, who know the place well, are inclined to accept it in exchange for their present location, provided every facility is given them for the removal of the bones of their dead to the new site, and that they be supplied there with the necessary lumber and materials with which to build themselves new houses and picket fence their lots. The place has a considerable quantity of cultivated land, abundant timber, orchards of fruit, is in a new ring fence, and is well watered, and is otherwise suitable for the wants of these people.

If it be true that the Indians acquiesce in the proposed arrangement (as above), it is due to them that they be given the entire summer, from May to November, in which to create their new homesteads, and that the plan be put through with as little circumlocution as possible, and whilst they are in one mind about it.

The change for them would be as advantageous as to our city from every point of view. RESERVE.

No Demand for Violins.

"One of the hardest things to realize on," said a pawnbroker to a Chicago Tribune reporter, "is a violin. I never make much of an advance on such an instrument. Not long ago a man brought in one and asked me what I would give him on it. I told him $5. He turned white. He asked me if I knew what that violin was worth. I told him that I did; I knew it was worth about $300. I told him that it did not look any better than a violin that was worth $10. No one but a musician would ever know the difference. I told him I could never make anyone but an old musician believe it was worth any more than a poor violin. I had rather advance a man $10 on a $15 overcoat than $5 on a $100 violin, unless I happened to know where I could get a purchaser for the violin. I might sell the overcoat for what I advanced on it, but I never could get the money or anything near it on the violin. A violin in a pawnbroker's shop is a hoodoo."

Garden hose at McLennan & McFeely's.

A Terrible Warning.

The possibility of the hoop skirt coming again in vogue causes the Electrical Review to sound forth the following terrible warning: "It is a well known fact that any metallic wire if brought near another wire carrying a current of electricity will have a current induced in it. In a crinoline there is a considerable amount of wire, and it naturally follows that if the wearer comes near an electric light circuit a charge will be induced around her and the hoopskirt will become a living, seething mass of wriggling, sparkling electricity, and no one dare imagine what might become of the poor unfortunate within. If she has the sangfroid to come in the neighborhood of an electric light there is no telling the frightful consequences that might arise. The reason why the ancient dames who donned the crinolines were not ruthlessly slaughtered by the thousands is because there was no electricity lying around loose in those days."

Gentlemen

Razors and shaving materials of best hellield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Sickness Often Induced by Improper Food.

It is a well-known fact that with infants sickness is often induced owing to the lack of proper food. Infants require a diet suited to the strength and capacity of their weak and undeveloped digestive organs. Inexperienced mothers and nurses often administer to the young and puny baby foods of such crude character that would severely test the digestive powers of an adult. This cruel folly, in ninety-nine cases out of one hundred, results fatally.

Nearly all the foods of the present day are crude, and therefore dangerous to the young infant. There is, however, one great and noble exception amongst the infant foods now offered for sale. We refer specially to that celebrated scientific preparation known as Lactated Food, which has the approval of our best physicians.

Lactated Food is the only food that is suited for weak digestion—the only sensible diet for the puny and delicate child. Lactated Food is always retained on the weakest stomach. It nourishes and strengthens from the first day it is used. It is the only reliable and satisfying food. Thousands of letters prove its superiority over all other food preparations. Every mother should give it a trial at once; it saves babies' lives.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—N S Keeper, H Bay Co, R Gayritz, T N Hibben, J F Engelhart, Lenz and Leiser, P McQuade, J Hutcheson, R Maynard, D G Flavell, E White, Cavin Bros, J Fullerton, Times, W Duncan, Golden Rule Bazaar, C Strouss, Turner B and Co, Nicholles and R, Langley and Co, H Bornstein, Valo and Brooks, T W Fletcher, E G Prior, H Waller, Taylor M Co, Weiler Bros, J Weston, A B Erskine, J H Barron, J Piercy, Wilson Bros, G C Shaw, M W Waitt, T Earle, H Saunders, J Maynard, J Sehl, W D Kinnaird, W Arden, Colonist, T W Edwards, R Erskine, W G Cameron, M Miller, W E Westcott, G Powell, A J Rowbotham, Weiler Bros, Erskine W and Co, J Homer, J B McKillican, T B Pearson, S H E Co, R Wilson Bros, G C Shaw, M W Waitt, T Earle, H Saunders, J Maynard, J Sehl, W D Kinnaird, W Arden, Colonist, T W Edwards, R Erskine, W G Cameron, M Miller, W E Westcott, G Powell, A J Rowbotham, Weiler Bros, Erskine W and Co, J Homer, J B McKillican, T B Pearson, S H E Co, R McDonald, W G Stevenson, S Leiser, B C C Journal, W N Carmichael, G R Stewart, Com C Battery, A McGregor, J Grice, Colbert and W, T Mann, J Faulkner, J Ewing, McL and McF, T W Garland, Vic Chemical Wks, Dom Exp Co.

Per steamer North Pacific from the Sound—John Weston, Matthews R and T, Hudson Bay Co, Van Elec Ry Co, B and K M Co, F J Curran, Marvin and Tilton, Langley and Co, J A T Caton and Co, Thompson Bros, John Leckie, Md Med Pub Co, E G Prior and Co, Valo and B, E M Ward, J Hilbert, C A Schooley.

Officer A. H. Braley
of the Fall River Police

Is highly gratified with Hood's Sarsaparilla. He was badly run down, had no appetite, what he did eat caused distress and he felt **tired all the time.** A few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla effected a marvellous change. The distress in the stomach is entirely gone, he feels like a new man, and can eat anything with old-time relish. For all of which he thanks and cordially recommends Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is very important that during the months of **March April May** the blood should be thoroughly purified and the system be given strength to withstand the debilitating effect of the changing season. For this purpose Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses peculiar merit and it is the **Best Spring Medicine.**

March April May

The following, just received, demonstrates its wonderful blood-purifying powers:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen: I have had **salt rheum** for a number of years, and for the past year one of my legs, from the knee down, has been **broken out very badly.** I took blood medicine for a long time with no good results, and was at one time obliged to **walk with crutches.** I finally concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and before I had taken one bottle the improvement was so marked that I continued until I had taken three bottles, and am now better than I have been in years. **The Inflammation** has all left my leg and it is entirely healed. I have had such benefit from

Hood's Sarsaparilla

that I concluded to write this voluntary statement." F. J. TEMPLE, Ridgeway, Mich.

HOOD'S PILLS actually, promptly and efficiently on the liver and bowels. Best dinner pill.

MEDICAL.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TESTING. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. Before. After. june19-19

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH. For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. 'uneli' ly.

Complete Manhood

AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.

A Medical Work that Tells the Causes, Describes the Effects, Points the Remedy.

Scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful medical book ever published; 96 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tints. Subjects treated:—

Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc.

Every man who would know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.

It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. Address the publishers,

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

TRADE MARK
BIG G
CURE YOURSELF!
Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor.
The Universal American Cure.
Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
PRICE $1.00

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.
LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, 6meod Agents for B.C.

An Atlantic Voyage

Tickets for passage to or from Great Britain and Europe issued at LOWEST RATES. Berths reserved by telegraph without extra charge.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,
AGENTS,
Cunard, Inman and White Star Steamship Lines

NOTICE.

I will not be responsible for any debts contracted on and after this date without my written order.

F. WARREN.

Victoria April 3rd, 1893. ap2-1m

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that having sold my business to the Saywa Mill and Lumber Co., Limited, I take this opportunity of thanking my friends and patrons for past favors and ask that the same be extended to the new firm.

Persons having claims against me are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted to me are requested to pay such indebtedness at my office, 16 Trounce Avenue.

oc23-tf W. P. SAYWARD.

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
—::— FOR FAMILY USE, —::—
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO
ALBANY, OREGON.

THE ROBERTS SAFETY Water Tube MARINE BOILER

FOR YACHTS, LAUNCHES, AND OTHER STEAMERS.

THE
Original Fixed Water Line Pipe Boiler
NEARLY 400 IN USE!

SAFE, Reliable, Simple, Light Weight, Economical, No Shop Repairs, Small Space. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet and other reading matter, with hundreds of enthusiastic letters from purchasers and engineers.

Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.

DOTY ENGINE WORKS CO.
MANUFACTURERS,
TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

A BY-LAW

To Regulate the Numbering of Hawkers and Pedlers.

Whereas by sub-section 61 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892, the Council is empowered to make, alter and repeal by-laws inter alia to regulate the numbering of hawkers and pedlers,

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. Every hawker or pedler licensed under the Revenue By-Law, 1889, shall at the time of the issue of his license receive from the collector a plate bearing a number which shall be affixed on a prominent place on the outside of his wagon, cart or other vehicle or basket or other receptacle for carrying or conveying his goods, wares, or merchandise and said plate shall remain thereon during the period for which the license is granted or in case more than one basket or other receptacle is carried by the licensee then the plate shall be attached to one of such baskets or other receptacle, and such plate shall be returned to the collecor at the expiration of the term of the license and may be reissued by him.

Sec. 2. Any person convicted of a breach of this by-law shall forfeit and pay at the discretion of the convicting magistrate a penalty not exceeding the sum of fifty dollars, for each offence exclusive of costs and in default of payment of the said penalty and costs forthwith the said penalty and costs or costs only may be levied by distresss and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender and in case of there being no distress found out of which such penalty can be levied the convicting magistrate may commit the offender to the common jail of the city of Victoria with or without hard labor for any period not exceeding one calendar month unless the said and penalty costs be sooner paid.

Sec. 3. This By-Law may be cited as "The Hawker and Pedler Numbering By-Law, 1893.'

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of January, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council the 1st February, 1893.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, Mayor.
C. L. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of the by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 1st day of February, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
M.C.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN)
No. 11 Rae Street.
Applications to be made at the Home or to MRS. D. W. HIGGINS Cadboro Bay Road.

TIGER SLAYER OF AMOY.

FRANK LEYBURN'S PROWESS KNOWN ALONG THE WHOLE CHINA COAST.

A Man Who Looks Upon the Killing of the Great Man-Eaters which Infest the Jungles as a Mere Pastime—The One Time narrow Call.

For years Frank Leyburn has been known as "the tiger slayer of Amoy." There is not a village along the coast of China, no matter how remote from the great centres of population, to which his fame has not extended. With him the killing of the great man-eaters who infest the jungles is looked upon as a mere pastime, and he has shot them under almost all immaginable circumstances.

He arrives in this city on the steamer Gaelic, en route for London, and it was early in the forenoon that he strode into the California Hotel. He looked more like the ordinary globe-trotter than a slayer of tigers whose name is known throughout the Orient. In appearance he is tall and robust, with closly trimmed white beard and keen gray eyes.

"Oh, yes," he said in a gruff tone, "I have bagged a good many of the beasts in my day, but there is nothing remarkable about that. With us, don't you know, it is merely a pastime and we hunt the tigers for the sport there is in it. Why, bless my soul, I can see no reason why any one should care to hear about tiger hunting. With us it is ordinary sport, just as deer stalking is in America.

"After all," he continued, as he grasped his cane more firmly and planted his feet very wide apart, "the tigers of China are not nearly as ferocious as those of India, but they give a good deal of trouble to the natives at times. When one of them gets a taste of human blood he at once becomes ferocious and is never satisfied with any other diet. They become transformed into what are known as man-eaters, and they hunt human beings just as a cat does mice.

"Just before I left China on my present trip I struck a man-eater who proved to be a tough customer. He was an old fellow and had a record of about twenty victims. They sent for me and I went after him. I had with me a double-barrelled rifle of large calibre. I found no difficulty in tracing him to his lair, but he gave me a narrow call before I succeeded in finishing him. The trouble was that when I found him he was awake and ferocious, apparently from the effects of hunger. I had shot so many that I thought nothing of it and gave my tiger one barrel out of my gun. Most unaccountably I missed him clean and his eyes fairly blazed. Lashing the ground with his tail he sprang toward me like a flash. As he was in the air I let go the other barrel and struck him in the left shoulder, the heavy ball penetrating to his heart. He fell at my feet, and so close was he that before he died I could feel his hot breath upon me. It was the most narrow escape that I ever had. When measured the tiger was found to be almost twelve feet in length, and the claws were one and three quarter inches in length. I had the latter mounted and distributed among my friends."

Mr. Leyburn is employed as a tea-buyer in Amoy and is on his way to London on business for his firm.—San Francisco Examiner.

An Old and Favorite Hymn Attacked.

A sensational attack on that universally popular hymn, "Nearer, My God, to Thee," marked the second day's session of the Missionary Conference of the American Baptist Missionary Union, at the Fifth Baptism Church, Eighteenth and Spring Garden streets. Rev. Dr. Weston, in addressing the conference on "God's Elect, a Missionary Body," declared: "We must bear the cross, but not as set forth in that foolish hymn we sang this morning—'Nearer, My God, to Thee.' I do wish that the hymn were banished from every heart and Christian lip, 'Even though it be a cross that leadeth me!' A Christ's cross borne for one's self is impossible; Christ's cross is for others.

"I do not remember of ever hearing of an execution with religious form that that hymn has not been sung, as if the criminal's conception of God's nature is such that there is something in agony and trouble that is a pleasure to God. That isn't the fellowship of his suffering. It is the fellowship of infinite love and holiness in a world of sinners: those burdens that come on all holy hearts for others. Christ was elected to holiness, and the manifestations of the spirit are given to every man for the benefit of others. There is nothing so dear to God as a lavish life, if that life be lavished for others.—Philadelphia Record.

Three Curious Finds.

In June, 1866, when I was in command of the ship Dunkeld, of London on a passage from London to Shanghai, we were taking sounding during a fog in the Formosa channel.

In the centre of the arming of tallow, which is placed on the lead to ascertain the nature of the bottom, we found a Chinese coin after striking the bottom at a depth of sixty-eight fathoms.

It is six years ago since I met with my lucky friend.

I was then living at Hoe Lane, Enfield Highway, and was on my way to St. James' Boys school, when I saw a bird's nest up in a high willow tree.

I climbed the tree, and reached the nest, but instead of finding eggs or young ones, as I expected, to my surprise I discovered a gold ring.

In 1883 a young bandsman named Chappell, serving in the Durham Light infantry (106th), stationed at the Buena Vista barracks, Gibraltar, was accidentally killed by a fall of about 200 feet over an almost perpendicular though rugged cliff 381 feet high.

The accident was observed by a number of people who were bathing in Camp Bay, a bathing resort below the cliff. On the alarm being given, Corporal Hammond, medical staff corps, and myself commenced to climb the almost inaccessible cliff to where the body lay, and when about 140 feet high Corporal Hammand, who was a few feet in front of me, placed his hand, whilst in the act of reaching another ledge, upon what turned out afterwards to be a gold watch in fairly good preservation, which it is supposed must have been there several years, as no owner for it could be found. —London Answers.

The Illiterate Population.

Scandinavia sends to our shores the fewest illiterate persons—less than 1 per cent. of the entire emigration from Norway, Sweden and Denmark. Italy sends the greatest number, upward of 75 per cent. of the immigrants from that country not knowing how to read or write.

SCOTCH WINTER GAMES.

A Highland Belief that Curling is a Good Preparation for Heaven.

The chief Scottish diversion in winter is neither golf nor wild-fowl shooting, but the old national game of curling. This has not conquered the world, like golf, though it is played wherever Scotchmen and Jack Frost foregather. In principle it seems to be merely a winter form of bowls. A rink is an expanse of ice rather longer than a pitch at cricket. At either end there is a tee, or cock, a spot on which snuff used to be placed by the old players; now a little red lead is scattered on it. Here stands a thing like a wooden bottle, which is the point of aim. Circles are designed in the ice, around the tee to facilitate the process of scoring, the object of the game being to lay the curling stone as near the tee as possible, and to knock away the stones of the opposite side. Each party, on each rink, has its "skip" or captain, who directs the manœuvres of his men. The first player launches his stone, thundering over the ice; the rest follow, and, as stones increase round the tee, the task is to steer well between them and secure a nearer place, or to send a stone which will drive a hostile stone to a distance. Meanwhere, the players, with brooms in their hands, sweep the ice in front of a lagging stone, and indulge in wild shouts of encouragement. By this manner of play the game deserves its name of "roaring," and to the surprise and admiration of the spectator, the men keep themselves warm and amused. Indeed, curling and the enjoyment which it manifestly gives are rather mysterious to the non-curling observer, who sees little more fun in it than a Russian sees in cricket, or a Frenchman in Rugby football. But, perhaps, this mystery is not peculiar to curling. Its admirers yield to nobody in enthusiasm, and, when they dine on the traditional beef and greens and fight their battles over again to an accompaniment of toddy they need not envy kings; a class, indeed, far more enviable. Curling really does bring all sorts and conditions of men together in perfect equality, except as far as skill is concerned, where the shepherd may be immensely the superior of the laird. Everybody plays; ministers and all. Indeed, curling was never under the ban of the Kirk, which was otherwise not partial to amusements.

Readers of Mr. Barrie's "Little Minister" will remember the curling enthusiasts there. They had progenitors in the dourest Covenanting times. That most diverting historian of the Covenant, Wodrow, speaks of "a singular, savoury Christian," a minister in days when ministers were apt to be stalked like deer on the hills, hanged, put in the "most severe torment of the Pilniewinks," and generally dragooned and worried. This old preacher avowed that, if he knew he had to die in the afternoon, he could conceive no more edifying and appropriate way of passing the morning than in curling. He had his moral accounts made up, and would have "soopit up" with the best of them on the day appointed for his decease.—London News.

"Love Your Neighbor as Yourself."

The recent effort of some conspicuously pious men to seize for their own country's benefit a country which belongs to another race, points the moral of Herbert Spencer's assertion that what men believe they believe is very different from what they really do believe. The actions of Americans in regard to Hawaii render these words of Spencer peculiarly interesting: "A society in which the most exalted principles of self-sacrifice for the benefit of neighbors are enunciated may be a society in which unscrupulous sacrifice of alien fellow-creatures is not only tolerated but applauded. Along with professed anxiety to spread these exalted principles among heathens there may go the deliberate fastening of a quarrel upon them with a view to annexing their territory. Men who every Sunday have listened approvingly to injunctions carrying the regard for other people to an impracticable extent may yet line themselves out to slay, at the word of command, any people in any part of the world, utterly indifferent to the right or wrong of the matter fought about."—Boston Transcript.

Last of the Druids.

We regret to announce the death of the High Priest of the Sun, at the ripe age of ninety-two. To the eye of faith he was the last of the Druids; the profane knew him only as Dr. William Price, of Llantrissant, in Glamorganshire, and characterized him as "a most eccentric man." It must be admitted that they were not altogether without excuse for this opinion. He attempted to imitate the pontifical raiment of his predecessors in the priesthood, wearing a whole fox skin on his head, a light green coat with trousers to match, and a scarlet waistcoat. As a reproduction of Druidic costume the profane may perhaps be again excused for thinking this a little unconvincing. Even High priests of the Sun are not without human weaknesses, and Dr. Price signalized this truth at the age of eighty-one by marrying his housekeeper, a girl of nineteen. One must allow that this step is a touch of prose in such a character, but he redeemed it shortly afterwards by attempting to burn the body of his dead child on a funeral pyre which he erected in a neighboring field. The Druid could hardly take account of the constable.—Pall Mall Budget.

MERRY THOUGHTS.

It's odd that when we want a watch to run we have to set it.

The candidate who shakes hands is not necessarily in touch with the people.

A bald-headed man's powers of reflection are greatly increased under an electric light.

While some things find it difficult to get along the measuring stick does pretty well as a rule.

Women talk a good deal, of course, but so would men if they had as many interesting things to say.

Criticus (looking at a picture of the impressionist school)—If that's high art then I'm an idiot. Cynicus—Well, that is high art.

Watts—What is the matter with Thompson? He has got so he stammers all the time. Potts—His wife made him stop swearing.

Where the Men Come In.

A woman in Tennessee wore a hoop-skirt to church. A man made some remarks about the garment, which she considered insulting, whereupon her husband proceeded to whip the offender. Relatives of both sides joined in and the fight became general, regardless of the time and place. If the anti-hoop-skirt advocates have as much spirit as these Tennesseeans, they will at once begin drilling preparatory to declaring war on France in case the hoop-skirt invasion is not stopped.

WILD DOGS OF ASIA.

Savage Brutes Which Deliberately Run Down and Kill Tigers.

The whole tribe of wild dogs which, in closely allied forms, are to be found in the wildest jungles and woods of Asia, from the Himalaya to Ceylon and from China to the Taurus—unless the "golden wolves" of the Roman empire are now extinct in the forests of Asia Minor—show an individual and corporate courage which entitles them to a high place among the most daring of wild creatures. The "red dogs," to give them their most characteristic name, are neither large in size nor do they assemble in large packs, says the Spectator. Those which have been from time to time measured and described seem to average some three feet in length from the nose to the root of the tail. The pack seldom numbers more than nine or ten, but there is sufficient evidence that they are willing and able to destroy any creature that inhabits the jungle with the exception of the adult elephant and perhaps rhinoceros, creatures whose great size and leathery hide make them almost invulnerable by such enemies as dogs. The quality of courage possessed by the hunting dog appears in a marked difference of habit from that noticeable in all other carnivorous beasts. As a rule each ferocious animal has its natural and favorite prey, which may vary in different localities, but it is in each case the easiest and most profitable victim. Tigers, for instance, are cattle-slayers or deer-killers, just as cattle or deer happen to be the most abundant in their district. Leopards prey on goats, sheep, and, when they can get them, on tame dogs; wolves, on sheep and cattle; stoats, on rabbits and hares; weasles, on rats and mice. But though the jungles which they visit abound in defenseless animals, the wild dog does not limit his attack to these. The packs deliberately pursue and destroy both the black and Himalayan bears and the tigers, affording, perhaps, the only instance in which one carnivorous species deliberately sets itself to hunt down and destroy another. From their rarity the uninterrupted nature of the jungles which they haunt and their habit of hunting at night—which a probable suggestion makes the basis of the early legends of the demon hunter and the "Hellequin" at a time when the "red dogs" still remained in Europe—observations of their habits are rare.

But the general belief of the wild tribes of India is borne out by two stories told by Col. Baldwin on their attacking the bear and tiger, which put the fact beyond doubt. A bear was found by an English officer standing at bay before the dogs. He had killed one, but his hide and body were torn in strips by the bites of the pack. In the other case the fresh bones of a tiger were found, from which the flesh had been eaten; one paw still remained whole, and close by the freshly killed bodies of three wild dogs, which had fallen in the fight. Remembering not only the strength and activity of the tiger, but the astonishing pluck with which, even when wounded, it will constantly charge a line of elephants and endeavor to scale the howdah—which is, in fact, a fort, with an armed garrison—it is difficult to over-estimate the courage of the wild dogs in meeting and destroying such an antagonist. We think it extremely probable that the wild dog may justify a statement once made, perhaps without sufficient evidence, that they have "an inherent hostility to the larger felidae and are incessantly on the watch to destroy their whelps, so that the species are the instrument by which nature keeps down the superabundant increase of the great feline of the wilderness."

ABOUT BALDNESS.

A Maze of Doubt About Its Cause and Cure.

A correspondent writing from Altoona, Pa., finds himself in a maze of doubt as to the cause and cure of baldness. He says that one authority has declared that premature baldness results from too close and frequent hair-cropping. According to this authority the hair bleeds to death, just as do sugar maples, sago palm and grapevines when exhaustively tapped. This theory is refuted by the fact that frequent shaving does not conduce to barrenness. After loss of hair from fever or other illness cropping is frequently resorted to successfully as a means of restoration. Per contra, it is urged that women who seldom have their hair cut close do not often become bald. A bald-headed woman is a comparative rarity.

"The hair falls out," says a vegetarian, "because too much beef is eaten." To this a beef-eater responds that "too much starchy food is the root of the trouble." A shoemaker insisted that baldness on the top of his head was the result of wearing his hat constantly during his indoor work. His belief was strengthened by the experience of a man in Indiana, whose hair under his hat turned gray, while the hair that the hat did not cover retained its original color.

In Denmark the wiseacres insist that staying out late at night or undue exposure to the moon makes the hair fall out. This theory is in a measure sustained by the method adopted by a Philadelphia editor to arrest the approach of baldness. He was advised to have his hair cut only during the waxing of the moon. He followed the advice and now proudly sports an unmolted topknot.

Unfeeling and libelous writers have insisted that baldness is mainly confined to married men, thus seeking to create the inference that either the hair is pulled out in the course of some heated matrimonial argument or that baldness is a providential dispensation that lessens the opportunity for one familiar method of feminine attack.

Time out of mind baldness has been the occasion of scoffing and jest. The fate of the Hebrew hoodlums who cried "Go up, thou baldhead!" is historical. In our own times the scoffer often goes unpunished.

When Henry Clews, the New York banker, a man of dignified bearing, who is unhappily bald, asked the late lamented Mr. Travers what disguise he should assume in attending a masked ball, he was advised to "sugar-coat his head and go as a pill." It has become so much the habit with the small paragraphers to insist that baldness indicates a hot liver and an antic disposition that sedate gentlemen who no longer wear their hair have been practically cut off from their entertainment of the ballet.

But the cause of baldness remains unsolved. There may be too much nitrogen; there may be too much starch; there may be too much moonlight. The Record will not undertake to solve the doubt of its correspondent. Too much of anything disturbs the equilibrium of the system, and may cut off the nourishment or overheat or overnourish the hair. If compelled to prescribe a remedy for baldness we might offend the hatters. To go without headgear might stimulate nature to supply her own original device and substitute. Women who do not steam their heads in air-tight contrivances usually retain their hair, and in countries where people go unhatted baldness is unknown.—Philadelphia Record.

"Brace Up"

Is a tantalising admonition to those who at this seasoon feel all tired out, weak, without appetite and discouraged. But the way in which Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the tired frame and gives a good appetite is really wonderful. So we say, "Take Hood's and it will brace you up."

For a general family cathartic we confidently recommend HOOD'S PILLS.

Fort Sheppard

The City of Kootenay Land and Improvement Company, Limited, will open an office at 26 Fort street, in the Five Sisters block, on the 1st of March, next, when a limited number of lots in the town of Fort Sheppard will be offered for sale. *

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN, CURES

RHEUMATISM,

Backache, Bruises,

Sciatica, Burns,

Sprains, Frost-Bites,

NEURALGIA.

Weiler Bros.

NEW GOODS.

Bamboo Furniture Novelties.
Linoleums and Oilcloths. All qualities. 90 pieces just arrived
Art Silks. Plain and figured.
Curtain and Drapery Goods in great variety.
Large additions to our Carpet Stock.
Window Shades and Curtain Poles in great variety. All latest styles.
Largest Stock of Furniture, Crockery, Glassware and House Furnishing Goods in the Province.

LADIES COME AND SEE OUR NEW GOODS. YOU WILL BE DELIGHTED.

Showrooms: 51 to 55 Fort Street.

The Provident Savings Life Assurance Society

Issues all the latest and most equitable forms of Insurance offered to the public.

New Business for 1892, - - $19,517,516.00
Insurance in force Dec. 31, 1892, 76,843,241.00

S. H. MATSON. Manager for Province of B. C.
OFFICE: 43½ GOVERNMENT ST.

I. X. L. COMPOUND

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy insect pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND,

The cheapest and most effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced. For Sale by

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, VICTORIA, B. C.

We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use.
A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1873.

— BANKERS —

VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

— AGENTS FOR —

WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

IRON STEEL AND BRASS FOUNDERS.

2½ per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 30 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalizing, prevents blow holes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

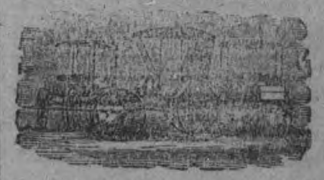
Price, $5.00 per 100-pound box, $28.00 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock-Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatsfeld Furnace and Refining Co.,
Newport, Ky.

Branch offices and deposits: Judson Mfg. Co., San Francisco, Cal.; Lormer & Rose, Montreal and Toronto, Can.; D. W. C. Carroll & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; Hatfield Steel Foundry Co., England; Southern Steel and Aluminum Alloy Co., Rome, Ga.; J. D. Smith Foundry Supply Co., Cincinnati Ohio. del-6m

JOHN MESTON



CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets
VICTORIA, B. C.

A BY-LAW

WHEREAS it is expedient to raise a sum of money to provide for the construction of certain main surface drains in the city of Victoria as follows:

Work Estate,

View street and branches,

Spring Ridge and Fernwood road,

Cook street and branches,

Michigan and Superior streets,

Oswego street,

Menzies street,

North and South Pandora streets,

Victoria West,

And other necessary drains not specified.

AND WHEREAS the estimated cost of such works is $125,000.

AND WHEREAS for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the city the sum of $125,000.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of $8,125 to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said debt and interest hereinafter mentioned.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the corporation of the city of Victoria according to the last revised assessment roll, being for the year 1892, was $18,749,125.

AND WHEREAS it will require an annual special rate of four-fifths of one mill in the dollar for the payment of the interest and for creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of the said new debt according to the Municipal Act, 1892.

AND WHEREAS it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation.

Be it therefore enacted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons or body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $125,000 00 currency, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the treasurer of the said corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

Sec. 2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sums as may be required, not exceeding, however, the sum of $125,000 00 in currency, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof.

Sec. 3. The said debentures shall be made payable in fifty years from the date hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect, at the office of the treasurer of the said corporation, in the City Hall, Victoria, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature of the Mayor and of the Clerk of the Corporation respectively to the coupons may be affixed by printed, stamped or lithographed fac simile.

Sec. 4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half yearly at the office of the said treasurer.

Sec. 5. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures and the interest to become due thereon an equal special rate of four-fifths of one mill in the dollar shall in addition to all other rates be levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property within the city of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

Sec. 6. In case of any conflict, inconsistency or repugnancy between the provisions of this by-law and any of the provisions of the Local Improvement By-law, 1892, as amended by By-law No. 178, entitled, "A By-law to amend the Local Improvement By-law, 1892," the provisions of this by-law shall prevail and override any of the provisions of such Local Improvement By-law to the extent of any such conflict, inconsistency or repugnancy, but this by-law shall not be deemed to in any wise repeal, alter or amend such Local Improvement By-law and amendment, except in so far as this by-law is concerned, and then so far only as is necessary to give full force and effect to this by-law.

Sec. 7. This by-law shall before the passage thereof receive the assent of the electors of the said corporation in a manner provided for by the Municipal Act, 1892, or any amendment thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of May, 1893.

Sec. 8. This by-law may be cited as "The Surface Drains By-law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council this 27th day of March, 1893.

Re-considered, adopted and finally passed the Council on the day of , 1893.

TAKE NOTICE

That the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Electors will be taken at Burnes' building, Bastion Square, for the Central Ward; at the City Hall, Pandora street, for the North Ward, and at a building situated on the east side of Government street, between Broughton and Courtney streets, and known as No. 27, for the South Ward, in the City of Victoria, on Tuesday, the eighteenth day of April instant, and that the poll will be kept open between the hours of eight o'clock a.m. and four p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., April 1st, 1893.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Agents to sell our choice and hardy Nursery Stock. We have many new special varieties, both in fruits and ornamentals to offer, which are controlled only by us. We pay commission or salary. Write us at once for terms, and secure choice of territory. MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen, Rochester, N.Y. ap13-10t

WANTED—A ward maid. Apply to the Matron, Jubilee Hospital. ap13-3t

WANTED—A girl or middle aged woman, to do cooking in a small family. No children. Apply 178 Yates St. api tf

LADY wishes a child to take care of. Charges moderate. Address Mrs. N., Times office. m16-1m

WANTED—A partner with $2000 for the liquor business. Address "Business," TIMES office m13 tf

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Pony suitable for toy. Must be sound and quiet. Send particulars and lowest cash price to X., Times office. 13-3t

A MARRIED MAN urgently wants employment in office, or as canvasser or in any capacity whatever. Capable of undertaking any duties. Several years in Victoria. R., Times office. mar28-tf

WANTED—Insurance upon merchants, stocks, household goods, dwellings and stores by the Alliance Assurance Co. (capital $24,000,000). Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

WANTED—ONE THOUSAND lives to insure in the Great Western Life Assurance Co. Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

TO LOAN—Money in large or small sums upon first mortgage by the "Yorkshire Guarantee and Securities Corporation. Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

FOR SALE—Plow, harrow and double harness. New last year; price $40. Address J. D., Times Office. ap11 6t

FOR SALE—Banner Oats, for seed. Apply to J. H. Wilson Brown, South Saanich, or Munroe Miller, 77 Johnson St. ap3-tf

FOR SALE—200 acres at Toquart. Apply to H. F. Heisterman & Co. mar25 1m

FOR SALE—Cheap, one horse, harness and light express wagon. Apply to the Victoria Transfer Company, Broughton St. m34-tf

FOR SALE—First class cushion tyred safety bicycle, almost new, price $75; also pony cart, built last fall, suitable for small sized pony. Price $80. Apply to Wm. Christie, C. P. R. Telegraph office. m20-tf

FOR SALE—160 acres of the West Saanich Road, 11 miles from Victoria, ¼ mile from Saanich Arm. 50 acres good bottom land, easily cleared. A splendid sheep farm. Good hunting and fishing. A small lake on property. Price $1,600. For particulars apply P. O. Box 104, Union, B.C. fe24-tf

FOR SALE—Ten acres of very fine land, suitable for chicken or small fruit ranch, all cleared, well drained and under cultivation, six miles from city, on Saanich road. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—Ten roomed house, new, two minutes from Oak Bay avenue tram line, will be sold for $1000 less than would have been taken a year ago. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 28 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 172 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry Distric n11-tf-d-w

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TO LET—8 roomed house (furnished), facing the Park and near car line. Apply at 222 Beacon Hill. ap11-1w

TO LET—Top flat Salmon Building, suitable for Chamber or offices. Every convenience; rent moderate. Apply H. L. Salmon. ap11-tf

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION for light house-keeping at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior St., James Bay. ap3-tf

TO LET—Suite of rooms for housekeeping to a respectable couple. Stove and water. Mrs. Wharton, 15 Caledonia Ave. m28-1m

TO LET—Story and a half cottage, South Turner St. Five rooms and bath, garden, etc. Apply Skene Lowe, 45 Carr St. mar22-tf

TO LET—A seven roomed dwelling, centrally located. Bath, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences. Apply Morrow, Holland & Co., 44 Broad Street. mar7-tf

TO LET.—Twenty acres of fine "market garden" land, three miles from city. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

MUSICAL.

MR. ROBERT GEDDES
TEACHER OF GUITAR AND BANJO
Classes or private lessons. Apply at the Conservatory of Music, 97 Quadra street.

BANJO AND GUITAR INSTRUCTIONS—By Chicago's popular banjo player and guitarist, PROF. T. W. REAMER. Rare chance for beginners and advanced pupils. Room 73, Five Sisters Block. (Take elevator). m10 1m

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22.

PHYSICIANS.

H. D. LEITCH, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office—Driard Block, Victoria, B.C.; Telephone 601. Residence—129 Quadra Street, near North Park Street; Telephone 181. Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. fe15-tf

DRS. HALL & MACKECHNIE,
Ernest Hall, M.D., L.R.C.P., Edinburgh, Moorefields Eye Hospital; late assistant in Central Throat and Ear Hospital, London.
S. N. MacKechnie, M.B., Toronto University. Specialties—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Glasses adjusted to imperfect Vision. Artificial eyes supplied.
Office, Jewel block, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts., Victoria.

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE,
137 Cormorant Street.

MRS. R. STEVENSON,
Certificated Midwife.
22 years practice at Queen Charlotte's Hospital, London, Eng. Address: 71½ Fort St. mar30-1m

PROF. TOTTENHAM,
Rheumatism and Neuralgia Specialist,
Will be at home to patients on and after 4 o'clock p.m. daily at his residence, No. 55 Pandora Street. City Agents—: Thos. Shotbolt, Druggist, Johnson St.; C. E. Jones, Druggist, 36 Government Street.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy3-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, ja13 Secretary.

SONS OF ERIN
Meet in Pioneer Hall, Broad St., on second Wednesday in each month, at 8 p. m. All Irishmen are invited to join.
RICHARD ACKLAND, Hon. Sec'y.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y
Pride of the Island No. 131 meets second and fourth Tuesdays at 7:45 p.m., in St. George's Hall, Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren cordially invited. ARTHUR LEE, P.O. Box 782. au19y Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja18 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 139, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LAWSON, 1-1y Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend.
oct9 E. PEDRONER, K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET,
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

JOHN J. AUSTIN
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria, P.C. Box 56.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184, ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale e22-1y

WE BEG TO INFORM
Victorians
That we have removed from 27 Fort Street to our new and spacious store
37 Fort Street,
5 doors above our old stand, where you can find the
Only Opticians
Of British Columbia, who have the knowledge, skill and experience to thoroughly test your eyes and fit you with proper glasses.
Who make a specialty of grinding complicated glasses and repairs of all kinds.
Who have the most complete stock of Spectacles, Eye Glasses and Optical Instruments in Canada.
Note the Change of Address:
F. W. Nolte & Co.,
37 FORT STREET.
(Formerly 27 Fort St.; successors to Hyams.)
We give Oculist's Prescriptions our special attention. Do not let any one tell you that your glasses cannot be ground here. Bring your prescription to us. We guarantee to fill it within 48 hours, and give you work equal in accuracy and finish to any on the American continent.

14th Annual Derby Sweep
3000 TICKETS, $5 EACH.
$9000 Divided Equally Among Starters
$6000 Divided Equally Among Non-Starters.
DRAWING, MAY 29. RACE, MAY 31.
R. H. BRAND,
Billiard Room, Windsor Hotel, Montreal.
NOTE—No Special Prize to 1st, 2nd or 3rd. 241 Horses entered. If 15 start, each starter will draw $600. Leaving 226 Non-Starters to divide $6,000, about $27 each. Guaranteed to fill. ap10-5w

Kaslo
I will leave for Kaslo on or about April 18, for the purpose of opening an office in the Real Estate and Insurance business.
I would be glad to have any one wishing to sell their property to list the same with me.
Acreage platted into Lots and thus sold for owner.
Information cheerfully given to intended buyers.
D. G. WILLIAMS,
104 Yates Street.
Victoria, April 10th, 1893. 1m

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
FRIDAY NIGHT **April 14.**
Engagement of the Famous Comedienne
Patti Rosa
—AIDED BY—
JOE CAWTHORN,
MAURICE DARCY,
And a Superb Contingent of Players, in the New and Original Comedy in Three Acts
Dolly Varden,
By Charles T. Vincent.
Prices, 50c. and $1.00. Seats on sale at Jamieson's. ap8-6t

VICTORIA THEATRE.
Wednesday, April 19th, at 8 p.m.
"Our Boys"
VICTORIA AMATEURS.
Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Dewdney.
IN AID OF JUBILEE HOSPITAL & SAMARITAN HOME
Tickets for sale at Jamieson's, $1 and 50c. ap13-5t

FIPPORA MONTEITH,
Soprano.
Vocal instruction in English, French, German and Italian. Private and in class. Also pupils prepared for Oratorio and Opera.

F. VICTOR AUSTIN
Violinist.
Pupils received for the Violin, ensemble and orchestral playing.

MISS AGNES DAWSON, R.A.M.
Teacher of Piano, Theory, Harmony and Composition.
For terms and particulars address,
F. VICTOR AUSTIN,
Balmoral, Douglas St., or 133 Fort St.

THE
Pacific Portland Cement
COMPANY, Limited,
Victoria, B. C.
The public are invited to inspect, test samples, and obtain information at the temporary offices of the Company,
Williams Block, opposite Driard Hotel, Broad Street.

AGENTS WANTED AT EVERY SHIPPING PORT ON THE PACIFIC OCEAN.
Telephone No. 234. P. O. Box 269
Office Hours 9 till 5 o'clock.
ap11-1m

NOTICE.
As I am about to leave the city, all outstanding accounts will be handed in before May 10th. J. A. LAWRENCE.
Victoria, B. C., April 12th, 1893.—3t

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.
Very double choice sorts of
Tree Pæonies,
Perfectly hardy and bound to give satisfaction.
LILIES, FERN PLANTS, PLUM TREES,
All in good condition for immediate planting.
T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

Municipal Notice.
Notice is hereby given that the reports of the City Engineer and City Assessor in regard to the grading of and laying sidewalks upon Stanley Avenue, between Fort Street and Mr. Andean's property, and Montrose Avenue, between Blackwood and Jones Streets, Showing the proportion in which the assessment is proposed to be made on the various portions of the real property benefited by the said improvements respectively, in accordance with the "Local Improvement By-Law," are now open for inspection at the Office of the City Assessor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria B.C., March 30, 1893.

NOTICE.
TENDERS for supplying Coal to the Electric Light Building and for other Corporation purposes, and also for supplying wood to the Corporation for the remainder of the year 1893, will be received at the office of the undersigned until Wednesday, the 19th day of April, instant, at 4 p.m.
Forms of tender may be obtained at this office.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C
Victoria, B.C., April 13th, 1893.—td

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year..... $10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1 50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion, the type used for general reading, and placed in reading columns, 25c a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

Changes of Advertisements.

It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

When you speak or even think of spring medicine, how quickly Hood's Sarsaparilla comes into your mind. Take it now.

The Daily Times.

FARMERS AND SILK STOCKINGS.

The Montreal Star, with the laudable purpose of helping the government to "lop the mouldering branches away," has been discussing certain features of the tariff which appear to need special attention. It is making war more especially on the use of specific duties, which it calls "admirable disguises for extortionate taxation." One illustration of their working is afforded by the article of worsted coating, on which the duty imposed by the present tariff is 20 per cent "ad valorem" and 10 cents a pound "specific." To the workingman or hard-pressed farmer, says the Star, who buy worsted quoted wholesale at, say, "one and seven," (38 cents), the specific duty amounts to about 40 per cent, which, when added to the 20 per cent ad valorem, brings his contribution to the revenue up to 60 per cent—an outrageous amount to levy on a poor man. But the wind is tempered to the well-to-do purchaser. He can buy "eight shilling worsted," and his specific duty of the same, ten cents a pound, only comes to about 7 per cent, or 27 per cent, adding the ad valorem tax. Here is a straight discrimination between the rich and the poor, in favor of the former, by which the man who can least afford to be taxed is mulcted more than double the amount, proportionate to his purchase, asked of his wealthier neighbor, on whom all agree the heavier tax should fall. And this discrimination is wrought by the guileless looking specific duty. Again, a common kind of worsted—president cloth—is taxed some 61 per cent when of a quality that a workman can afford to buy; but, as usual, his wealthier neighbor gets off with only 34 per cent, or about what the tariff is supposed to tax protected goods.

A still worse case is that of shirts, according to the Star's calculation. "Shirts, cotton or linen—$1 per dozen and 30 per cent," is the item in the tariff, and this is the result: "On cheap shirts, valued wholesale at six shillings a dozen, the duty—specific and ad valorem—runs up to 99 per cent, while on the finer article costing about twenty-five shillings wholesale, the duty is some 46 per cent. This latter figure is pretty high as a protective duty in a country which imagines that its tariff stands generally between 30 and 35 per cent, but, as in the case of worsteds, it does not reach half the figure that is taken from the pockets of the very people whom all civilized systems profess to shelter." Then cheap cotton hose pay over 70 per cent., while those of a more costly kind pay only 40 per cent, the discrimination being caused by the specific duty. Taking the case of the farmer for its text, the Star in another article moralizes in this fashion:

The pressure of the present tariff is felt with peculiar keenness by the farmer. As we pointed out the other day, he "wears shirts" and consequently feels the burden of the 100 per cent duty levied upon the cheaper qualities of the garment. Cotton and woollen goods make up a fair share of his dry goods bill, and on these he pays imposts that he has no knowledge of in many cases, for they are hidden away under the guise of specific duties. It is different now with silks, if he should require stockings or neckerchiefs of that material for farm work. It is marvellous, and worth noting, perhaps, how nicely the tariff grades the duties on the single article of stockings, so as to benefit "the poor man." Here is the way it runs:

Cheap cotton stockings—70 per cent.
Cheap woollen stockings—58 per cent.
Dear cotton stockings—40 per cent.
Dear woollen stockings—35 per cent.
Silken stockings—30 per cent.

These are cunning little devices and pleasing intricacies in the tariff that will keep the Patrons of Industry well alert to get them properly reformed; but they must never forget that the final test of every pretended "reform" is its effect upon the price of the article it deals with. It will be marvellously easy to make a great show of tariff reforming; and, under cover of "specific duties" and other disguises, conceal the fact that very little relief is given. The touch-stone for the farmer to apply to all changes that he may know whether they are real or fraudulent, is the size of his store bills.

There need be no surprise that as they come to understand their position in relation to the much-vaunted protected tariff the farmers manifest their resent relief. In the east they are rapidly banding themselves together in the name of Patrons of Industry, and there can be little doubt that they will make their influence felt in the next election.

Minister Ouimet is reported to have returned to Ottawa greatly disappointed with the result of the Vaudreuil election. That is not to be wondered at, since the result of the contest means more than the mere loss of the seat to the Government. It means, in fact, that the hold of the Government on the Montreal district has been greatly weakened by a combination of untoward circumstances, and that the solid delegation sent from that district under Mr. Chapleau's skillful leadership is now likely to melt away. Another sign of the times in this direction is the defection of several prominent French newspapers in the district that have formerly supported the Conservative governments. This circumstance is said to be causing serious disquietude in Conservative circles, as well it may.

The Colonist seems to be exceedingly nervous over the thought that possibly the reputations of the Premier and some of his colleagues may suffer from "ugly rumors" or "gross misstatements" connected with the British Pacific enterprise. There should not be any cause for such painful distress.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—The B.C. Benevolent Society paid out $216.50 during March.

—The legislative building across the Bay has been locked up for another year.

—The Y.M.C.A. have issued invitations for a reception to be held next Wednesday evening.

—The Lacrosse Club smoking concert is to be held in the Driard club rooms on Saturday evening.

—The ladies of the Cedar Hill Presbyterian church realized $40 by a bazaar held on Tuesday evening.

—The Juveniles of the Ancient Order of Foresters will meet at the Foresters' Hall on Friday evening next.

—The Typographical Review, printed in Seattle contains an excellent picture of W. H. Cullin, in its last issue.

—The monthly social meeting of the W.C.T.U. was held at the Refuge Home. A pleasant afternoon was spent.

—The entertainment arranged for this evening at St. John's school room has been postponed until Tuesday evening.

—The entertainment which was to have taken place in the Philharmonic Hall on April 17th has been unavoidably postponed to April 24th.

—The thirty-first drawing of the Victoria Building Society took place last evening. The appropriation fell to Ernest Silm, holder of shares 100 C and D.

—Bishop Lutens complains to the police that the boys in the neighborhood of his residence break into his yard and damage his garden. The evil will be remedied.

—James O'Neill, the head agent for the sale of North Kaslo property, returned from Vancouver, where he completed during the last week sales to the amount of 408 North Kaslo lots.

—The New Whatcom Times has suspended the publication of its daily edition, the daily newspaper field there being overcrowded. This is the paper with which Mr. Frank I. Sears is connected.

—The Gazette published yesterday announces the reserve of sixteen miles on each side of the Kaslo-Slocan Railway, under the conditions of the Subsidy Act of 1892 for the use of the railway.

—Mr. C. T. Mallery, late of St. John, New Brunswick, has accepted the management of the Central Drug Store. Mr. Mallery's wide experience of over fifteen years in the drug business amply fits him for the responsible position he is to fill with Messrs. Hall and Co.

ALBERNI NEWS.

Mr. Haslam's Visit—Church Affairs—The Road Money.

Alberni, April 12.—Mr. A. Haslam, Dominion Parliament candidate, has been here for a few days, canvassing the district. He will promise to vote for anything. The only thing Mr. Hunter can now do is to promise railroad connection to the valley and then he will get all the votes.

Variable weather still continues.

Rev. Mr. McRae of Nanaimo has been here for several days and preached to a large congregation on Sunday afternoon in the Presbyterian church. The ladies of the valley gave a tea on Monday evening and Mr. McRae lectured the same night on "How to Enjoy Life and Live Long." He was very humorous and said if only all the bachelors in Alberni could get married he did not know of a lovelier place in which to enjoy life. He promised to try and send in a dozen young ladies, one of whom is to be suitable for a minister's wife. A good collection in aid of the church building fund closed the meeting

A meeting will be held on Saturday, the 15th to arrange for the Queen's Birthday celebration. After that a meeting of the settlers will be held to arrange how the road appropriation money is to be divided amongst them. This is always a stormy meeting. It is a great pity the Government cannot arrange beforehand how much each settler is to have; it would save about three hours' hard talk.

A ball will take place in the court house after the road meeting, probably the last of the series this season.

The ranchers are getting their crops well on during the fine spell.

The trail to China Creek (quartz) mines is now in hand, $200 being granted by the Government.

P. O. Home Tenders.

The managers of the Protestant Orphans' Home held another meeting this afternoon to consider the tenders for the new home. The contract will probably be awarded this evening.

Victoria's Delegates.

The district conference of the Y.M.C.A. begins its sessions at Vancouver today, and will adjourn on Sunday evening. Victoria's delegates went up this morning. They are. Messrs. F. W. Teague, H. A. Elson, C. S. Terry, W. S. Hampson and J. Lippy.

In Honor of Senator Dawes.

Springfield, Mass., April 14.—The Republicans of this city, their numbers reinforced by representative members of the party from other sections of the state, will do honor to-night to ex-Senator Dawes in recognition of his many years of usefulness to the "Grand Old Party," and his unfaltering devotion to its principles. The event will take the form of a banquet and will practically mark the final retirement of the venerable statesman from the political arena.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE RING.

A "GENTLEMANLY" PUGILIST.

New York, April 14.—Stanton Abbott, the champion light-weight of England, arrived here this afternoon. The object of his visit is to endeavor to arrange a meeting with Jack McAuliffe for a purse of not less than $20,000, and the light-weight championship of the world. Abbott is a gentlemanly, good-natured pugilist, being the opposite of Charley Mitchell in these characteristics, and he will be lionized by the sporting element of this city.

CYCLING.

THE FIRST CENTURY FOR 1893.

Great praise is due Mr. J. Laing, of the Brantford Bicycle Club, who rode the first Century, between Paris and Grimsby, Ont., and return, on a New Brantford, in twelve hours and twenty minutes. He started from Brantford at 6:30 a.m. and returned at 9 p.m.; this included stoppages. The roads were very muddy, full of deep ruts and covered with new-laid gravel; in fact they were almost impassable, but he came through without a mishap. The Brantford men feel proud of him.

FOOTBALL.

TO HAVE FOUR TEAMS.

At Corrig College yesterday afternoon the inter-collegiate champions of last year held their annual meeting. Principal Church presided. The election of officers resulted as follows:—President, Ven. Archdeacon Scriven, M.A.; vice-presidents, Principal J. W. Church, M.A.; Professor H. Goward, M.A., LL.B.; captain, C. Cartwright; vice-captain, A. Field; secretary-treasurer, H. Scholefield. Committee—R. Wilson, F. Prevost, H. Erb, P. Higgins, J. Ritchie, G. Wilson and A. Goward. It was decided that four eleven s should be placed in the field this year; that Wednesdays and Saturdays, after 2 p.m., should be fixed for ordinary matches, and that clubs desiring matches be asked to communicate with the secretary at the earliest date.

SWIMMING.

A YOUNG RECORD-BREAKER.

San Francisco, April 14.—Dan A. Thompson broke the American half-mile swimming record at the Olympic club last night, tette of fighters, all eager to make ends to 14 minutes, 12 seconds. Thompson is only 15 years of age.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and From the City and Province.

S. A. Spencer is down from Alert Bay.

A. Gilmore came over from the Sound last evening.

J. B. King and wife of Portland are at the Victoria.

J. L. Beckwith has returned from a trip to the Mainland.

D. R. Young returned home on the Islander last evening.

Hon. Justice Crease returned from the Mainland yesterday.

William Cunningham of San Francisco is a guest at the Victoria.

Matthew T. Johnson, of Findlay, Durham and Brodie's, returned this morning from the North.

Thos. Holyoake Box of London arrived from the Orient on the Empress of Japan and left for California this morning.

Mrs. F. R. Glover of New Westminster arrived on the Yosemite last evening to spend a few weeks with friends in the city.

Mrs. A. E. Verrinder and two children returned per steamer Walla Walla yesterday from a pleasant sojourn in San Francisco among relatives and friends.

H. Taylor Brown and W. H. Wilson of Glasgow; G. Edwards, Mrs. Edwards and Col. Green of London, a party of globe trotters, are at the Driard. They crossed the Pacific on the Japan.

Wm. Campbell, son of Capt. Campbell of the sealer Sadie Turpel is lying dangerously ill at Yokohama, and his mother has been called to his side by a cablegram. She will leave on the next steamer.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Danube from the North—J and A Clearihue, Thomas Earle, James Deans, Hudson Bay Co, R H Hall, R S Byrn, B Ledell, Albion Iron Works, J Piercy and Co, S A Spencer.

Heureaux and Hippolyte.

Kingston, W.I., April 14.—The latest news from Puerta Plata states that the treaty between the republics of Hayti and San Domingo denying exiles of the one accused of political offences against the other refuge in the neighboring republic, has been renewed. After signing the treaty, both Presidents Hippolyte and Heureaux made preparations to withdraw the troops from their respective frontiers. Hippolyte's forces will retreat toward Port au Prince and Heureaux' toward Santiago. This withdrawal of the troops, it is believed, means that peace will be maintained in both republics. It is now understood that the attempt to overthrow President Hippolyte will be indefinitely postponed. There seems to be no chance of a revolution. President Heureaux is master of the situation in San Domingo.

His Trip was Successful.

Managing Director Walter Morris, of the Okell and Morris Fruit Preserving Company, made a report on the result of his trip to England to the directors, who met yesterday afternoon, with President Noah Shakespeare in the chair. He secured a number of large orders while away. Six hundred shares, for which applications were made since the last meeting, were allotted.

49er Hams and Glasgow Beef Hams at R. H. Jameson's, 33 Fort Street.

'Frisco Happenings.

San Francisco, April 14.—Philip Crawford, the young man who was attacked with smallpox on board the steamer City of New York, on her recent trip from Panama, died to-day at the quarantine station at Angel Island. The rest of the New York's cabin passengers are still on the vessel and will remain there till all danger from the disease has passed.

The party of 25 Samoans for the World's Fair that were expected to arrive on the steamer Mariposa, did not come owing to the decided refusal on the part of King Malietoa to allow any of his subjects to leave the islands. That none might steal away several war canoes filled with armed natives guarded the harbor at Apia, while the Mariposa was there. Instead of Samoans, 19 male South Sea Islanders were brought up, and six women will follow by the Monowa. They will inhabit the Samoan village.

Canadians in Rome.

Montreal, Que., April 14.—Messrs. Ross and McKenzie, the two millionaire street railway contractors, at present making a tour of the world, are in Rome.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

DISPUTED WILL CASE.

An Interesting Case Being Tried To-Day Before Hon. Mr. Justice Crease.

The case of Thomas Adams, of Egremont, Cheshire, England, against Duncan McBeath of Victoria came on for trial to-day in the supreme court before Mr. Justice Crease without a jury. The Hon. Theodore Davie, Q. C., and Mr. J. P. Walls appeared for the plaintiff and Messrs. E. V. Bodwell, Thornton Fell and H. G. Hall for the defendant.

The plaintiff's claim is to have the will of the late Samuel Adams of Victoria, date Nov. 11th, 1891, set aside and to have probate rescinded on the ground of undue influence and to have a receiver appointed of the real and personal estate. It is alleged by the plaintiff, who is a nephew of the late Samuel Adams, that his uncle had repeatedly promised to leave his property in Victoria to him and that the correspondence which passed between them will show this intention; that on Nov. 9th, 1891, his uncle was found in his cabin near the corner of View and Blanchard streets, where he had lived by himself for the previous 12 years, and that he was then suffering from a very severe illness; that on Nov. 10th he was removed to the residence of the defendant in Victoria west; that on Nov. 11th he made a will leaving all his property to the defendant absolutely and that he died on Nov. 18th. It is claimed that at the time he made his will he was not capable of making one and that undue influence was brought to bear on him to execute it. Many witnesses will be examined on both sides and the trial may last several days.

From the evidence given in court to-day Samuel Adams appears to have travelled extensively before he settled in Victoria. He visited New York, remained in California a long time, rambled among the islands of the Pacific, was twice to China, once to Japan, once to the Dutch East Indies, twice to the West Indies, three times to Chili and lived seven years in Valparaiso. When he struck Victoria it had a population of 6,000, half of whom were Chinese. He appears to have been a shrewd, steady man, and although only a printer his property was at the time of his death estimated to be worth $8,000 or $9,000.

The plaintiff was in the witness box till 1 o'clock, when the court adjourned till 2:30 p. m.

CITY QUARANTINE STATION.

Plans Being Prepared for a Hospital and Suspect Station.

Seven and a half acres on the Richmond road just behind the Jubilee Hospital have been purchased from Mr. R. P. Rithet for the corporation. The price paid was a little over $9,000. The property has a good frontage on the Richmond road and extends back beyond the hospital property. It includes sections 53 and 54.

It is the intention of the corporation to immediately commence the construction of a quarantine hospital and suspect station on the property. In fact, plans are already being prepared and tenders for the erection of the building will be called for as soon as they are ready. The architect has been instructed to prepare plans for thoroughly modern buildings, so that there will be little danger from them.

The hospital will stand well back from the road, the suspect station, from which there will be little danger, being built nearer the fence. It is probable arrangements will be made with the Jubilee Hospital directors to look after the station for the city.

The King's Daughters to Entertain.

The entertainment in Philharmonic Hall this evening in aid of the funds of the King's Daughters promises to be a very successful affair. Unfortunately the affair was confused with another to take place next week, but it is hoped that it will not interfere with the attendance. This evening's entertainment is under the patronage of Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney. This is the programme:

Tableau—The Three Young Maids of Lee.

Vocal duet—Mrs. Walkem and Miss Rhodes.

Tableau—Home they brought her warrior dead.

Comic song in costume—Mr. Foulkes.

Tableau—Where are you going to, my pretty maid?

Guitar and mandolin—Orchestra.

Comic duet—"Ma's Advice," Messrs. Webber and Foulkes.

Tableau—The low-backed car.

Comic song—Lieut. H. G. D. Foord.

Solo—De Koven's Lullaby— Mrs. Helmcken.

To conclude with the farce "The Obstinate Family," in which the following will take part: Mrs. Snowden, Mrs. Fleury, Miss Powell, Mr. B. Drake, Mr. W. H. Langley, Mr. Mytton.

The guitar and mandolin orchestra will be composed of the following: Mandolin, Mrs. Barnard and Miss Lewis; guitars, Miss Powell, Miss Jenns and Miss G. Lewis; banjo, Mrs. Hanington.

Police Court Proceedings.

Tom, an Indian, was up in police court this morning before Magistrate Macrae charged with having an intoxicant in his possession. He was convicted and fined $25 and $1 costs added and the alternative. Ah Ling who furnished the liquor, was convicted and sent to jail for three months with hard labor. It was his third appearance in police court. Johnny Able, an Indian, another character whose face is familiar around the police court, was found guilty of being drunk and fined $10. He can either pay the fine or go to jail for a month. Sam Johnson, colored, was convicted on the charge of being a frequenter of a house of ill-fame and will spend a month in jail.

Chambers.

Tong Suey et al. vs. Kum Kong et al. Application to set aside judgment. Judgment set aside and statement of defence to be delivered within twenty-four hours.

Wilson vs. Perrin. Application for security of costs of repeal. Order refused, costs to be costs in the cause.

Lacrosse Club Concert.

The lacrosse club promise those who attend their "smoker" to-morrow evening a very pleasant time. It will be held in the Driard club room, where there is lots of room for all. An interesting programme has been arranged.

Postponed.

The C. P. N. Co.'s steamer Maude will sail for Alberni and Barclay sound ports on Monday, the 17th inst. Her usual sailing day is Saturday, but owing to the inclement weather it has been postponed.

Thanks.

The generous custom accorded us during our millinery display deserves and receives our sincere thanks. It convinces us that we are showing the latest patterns of the day. We also respectfully invite you to call and inspect our novelties in dress goods, as our stock is now complete.

JOHN PARTRIDGE & CO.,
Lansdowne House,
86 Yates Street.

Inspector Appointed.

Mr. Hugh Findlay, who has been for some time acting inspector of weights and measures, has been formally appointed to the position by the Ottawa authorities. The salary is $800 a year.

Hatching a Family.

Mamma Swan of the Munn swan family is very busy at present keeping eight eggs warm in a nest on Alderman island, Goodacre lake. Eight little swanlets are looked for in a few weeks.

Lots of Work to be Done.

There will be a special meeting of the council on Monday evening and probably two more specials besides the regular meeting before the week is out. There are about 10 by-laws to be taken up and passed, and the committee work on them takes considerable time.

He Has Improved.

A. McDonald, a Kamloops youth who has just completed a year in the reformatory, left for his home this morning in charge of his mother. He behaved himself well in the institution, and it is thought he will never be heard from again on a matter of this kind.

Kaslo to Incorporate.

In the Gazette of yesterday Geo. T. Kane, S. Green and G. O. Buchanan give notice of their intention to apply to have the city of Kaslo incorporated as a city municipality. There are 610 acres in the townsite, comprising subdivisions of lots 208, 209 and 209a, group 1, West Kootenay district, as shown on the official plans of Kaslo city, numbered 393 and 393a.

City Health By-Law.

A special meeting of the city council was called for 8 o'clock last evening, but it was nearer 9 when Mayor Beaven, Ald. Baker, Munn, Bragg, McTavish, Henderson and McKillican took their seats. The health by-law was read a first and second time and considered in committee. The council adjourned at 11.

Improvements at St. Mark's.

It was decided last night to construct a chancel in connection with St. Mark's church and Evers & Keith, the architects, were directed to call for tenders. The work is hoped to be completed by May 30th. The improvement will just double the seating capacity of the church. A surpliced choir will sing for the first time when the chancel is completed.

B. C. Law Reports.

The official reports of cases in the Supreme and County Courts and in Admiralty have just been issued from the government printing office. They have been compiled by Mr. Gordon Hunter, the present crown prosecutor, and cover the period extending from January, 1890, to June, 1892. The reports are neatly got up and will compare favorably with anything of the kind in England or Canada.

Militia Assault-at-Arms.

This evening at 8 o'clock the members of the city batteries will meet in the Market Hall to discuss the best means of carrying out the programme which is being arranged for the opening of the new drill hall. Great interest has been shown already by the men in the prospective assault-at-arms. There is some talk of throwing several of the competitions, such as boxing, fencing, single-stick, etc., open to members of the James Bay Athletic Association, and the Victoria Athletic Club, as it is believed this would give a much wider interest to the event and render the competitions keener and livelier.

The Accident to the Empress.

The steamship Empress of Japan was released from quarantine last night and at midnight left for Vancouver. Capt. Lee attributes the accident to the ship on Monday night to the leadsman, who kept reporting no bottom when the ship was running close up to the shore. The rock which she struck is off the point opposite the tramway trestle, just this side of Esquimalt. It is chartered. Capt. Lee claims that the ship is not injured, but when she reaches Vancouver a diver is to be sent down to examine her bottom. The mishap will no doubt be investigated fully. The ship had no pilot aboard and was where she had no right to be.

An Old Timer.

Twenty-seven years ago to-day the good old steamer Labouchere was lost at sea off Point Reyes, 40 miles north of San Francisco, on her second voyage to Victoria as a mail boat. She is well remembered by all the old timers, but her name, even, is unknown to the majority of the present residents. At the time of her loss she had the proud reputation of being the strongest steam vessel on the North Pacific. She was built at Sunderland, England, for the Hudson Bay Co. fur trade, in the strongest manner, of Baltic oak and Siam teak, and had a perfect network of copper bolts in her hull. Her engines were of the old-fashioned, side-wheel type, built for strength, not speed. Of her crew and passengers at the time of the wreck few are now left here, there being the two sons of Capt. Mouett (her commander), Mr. Elliott, of the Willows, Edward Dickinson of the C. P. N. Co., and Frank Sylvester.

To Artists.

Raphael Tuck's copies at half price to close. J. JOHNSTON & CO.*

MR. BEAVEN'S MOTION.

What the Division Actually Was—Mr. Booth's Amendment.

There has been some misunderstanding on the division on the motion moved by Hon. Mr. Beaven at the last evening session of the legislature. Hon. Mr. Beaven moved that, in the opinion of this house, a clause should be inserted in all contracts let by the government for the construction of public works, binding the contractor to pay all workmen employed by him, or by a sub-contractor under him, on or in connection with the work, the regular rate of wages connected with the trade for the number of hours work for each, as recognized by the trade; and, further, that the whole of the laborers, skilled workmen, foremen, and others engaged upon the work should receive their full wages once a week and in cash.

Mr. Booth moved in amendment that all the words after "all" in the first line down to and including the word "of" in the fourth line be struck out, and that the words "should receive" in the sixth line be struck out; also all the words after "wages" in the sixth line.

Question proposed: "Shall the words proposed to be struck out stand part of the question?" Resolved in the negative on the following division: Yeas—Messrs. McKenzie, Milne, Brown, Keith, Cotton, Beaven, Forster. Nays—Messrs. Grant, Sword, Punch, Howe, Stoddart, Booth, Pooley, Turner, Martin, Croft, Hunter, Rogers, Anderson, Fletcher.

The question shall the words proposed to be inserted stand part of the question was resolved in the affirmative on the following division: Yeas—Messrs. Grant, McKenzie, Punch, Cotton, Milne, Beaven, Horne, Brown, Keith, Watt, Baker, Davie, Vernon, Eberts, Stoddart, Booth, Pooley, Turner, Martin, Croft, Hunter, Rogers, Anderson and Fletcher. Nays—Messrs. Sword and Forster.

Mr. Hunter moved to add after the word "cash" in the last line the following: "And that the wages of all laborers and skilled workmen shall be not less than 20 cents per hour."

Mr. Hunter's amendment was adopted and the original question as amended was put and adopted.

WINTER WEATHER.

Steamer Danube Passes Through a Show Storm Yesterday.

The steamer Danube brought very little news from northern ports. She arrived this afternoon, having been anchored in Duncan's bay yesterday afternoon and last evening to keen out of a sleet storm. Snow was falling in the mountains around the bay and a heavy southeast gale was blowing. Further north the weather was finer, being even warmer than in Victoria. The passengers from the north were: M. T. Johnston, S. A. Spencer, A. G. McDougall, George Wright and J. Roubilard.

Mr. S. A. Spencer, the Albert Bay canner, although he has resided in the north for years, always refuses to prophesy in regard to the salmon run. There are lots of small fish, but no one can judge how many big fish there will be until they arrive. The canners are all busy making cans for the season.

The new Inverness cannery is just about completed and will be ready in time for the spring run.

The Danube went to Skidegate and left the experts who are going to examine the Graham Island coal fields.

The steamer Boscowitz was passed in the Skeena river and the Princess Louise on Queen Charlotte sound.

Art in Spoons.

Davidson Bros., the jewelers, have on hand the finest line of souvenir spoons ever seen in the city. They include a variety of odd and attractive designs. Three in particular that were noted were ones showing Dunsmuir castle, the Warspite in the drydock, and the steamer Beaver on the beach at the Narrows. These should have a especially good sale.

Attendance at the Schools.

In August, 1861, the returns showing the attendance at the public schools of Victoria, Craigflower and Nanaimo, were published and the editor who wrote an article on the returns went into ecstasies over them. The average attendance at the Victoria school was 42; Craigflower 61 and Nanaimo 24, a total of 82. The average attendance at the Victoria schools is now about 1700.

Given Nine Months.

Frederick Bay was up in the speedy trials court this morning charged with the larceny of a set of single harness from William Rendall. He was declared guilty and sentenced to nine months' imprisonment by Mr. Justice Crease. He has still to answer to the charge of stealing four buggy wheels from J. Grice.

A Vancouver Island Stamp.

At a recent sale of rare stamps in York the best price realized, $111, was for a 2-pence half penny Vancouver island stamp issued in 1861, the purchaser being W. H. Brouse of Toronto.

A Big Cargo.

The steamer City of Puebla, which left for California this morning, took a very heavy freight. She took 17,000 mats of rice ex steamship Mogul, leaving all the case goods behind for the next boat.

K. of P. Notes.

Far West lodge, K. of P., will meet this evening, when the degree of page will be conferred on four candidates. Uniform rank drilled last evening.

Department Drill.

The fire department will drill to-morrow afternoon. A street where the hose will not interfere with traffic will be chosen.

Garden tools at McLennan & McFeely's.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

SPENCER'S ARCADE

★ 2nd Millinery Opening

THURSDAY, April 13th.

New English and French Patterns, Childrens' Hats and Bonnets.
New Flowers, Ribbons, Tips, Laces, Etc., Etc.
English Straw Hats, New Sailor Hats.
The Stock now complete in this Department.

D. SPENCER, Government St.

The Man Who Wears Shoes

wants, first of all, shoes to wear—likes to look at 'em when they're off, perhaps, but he buys them to wear.

Our $3 Shoe

doesn't disappoint him—it wears—it looks well, too.

Gilmore & McCandless,
35 AND 37 JOHNSON ST.
Telephone Call 563.

JUST ARRIVED

German Salt Pickles,
Fresh California Grass Butter,
Delicious Honey,
IN FRAMES OR GLASS.

DUTCH
LIMBURG
SWISS
CALIFORNIAN
CANADIAN
Cheese

Try our HAMS AND BACON.

FRESH EASTERN OYSTERS AT
FRANCK'S GROCERY,
Cor. Fort and Quadra Sts.
5 Per Cent. Discount on ALL Purchases.

Atlantic Steamship Lines.

Tickets to and from Europe via CHICAGO AND THE WORLD'S FAIR, through NEW YORK, BOSTON and CANADIAN PORTS, via any Atlantic Steamship Lines. For particulars, dates, rates, etc. Apply to
ALLAN CAMERON,
General Steamship Agent
Cor. Fort and Gov't, St.

CHEAP TEETH.

For sixty days my improved Artificial Teeth for nearly one half the usual price. Dentistry in all its branches and latest method, at the New York Dental Parlor, 73½ Government street. fe24-tf

Use German Magic Pile Cure.

J. Horner & Co.

ARGYLE HOUSE.

Special Value

1 CASE ALL WOOL SERGES,
Double Width, 35c. a yard, or 3 yards for a dollar.

A Very Fine Line of
ALL WOOL DEBEIGES
42 inches wide, 40c. and 50c. a yard.

A Big Lot of DRESS GOODS
to arrive in a few days, in the Latest Styles.

1 Case more of those
BLACK CORSETS
At $1.00 a pair.

A Large Range of
NEW EMBROIDERIES
In all widths.

J. Horner & Co.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that tenders for the construction and equipment of the Victoria and Sidney Railway Company, complete in all respects, will be received by the Victoria and Sidney Railway Company up to noon of April 16th, 1893, at the office of the Company, Government street, Victoria, B. C.

Plans, specifications, conditions of tender, and all details to be had at the Company's office.

The company reserve the right to reject any or all tenders.

P. C. DUNLEVY, President,
ROBERT IRVING, Secretary,
Victoria and Sidney Railway Company.

To Let or for Sale.

House on Silvia Street with unobstructed view of the Straits. Drawing room, dining room, 4 bedrooms, etc. Drained to the sea. Also for sale a beautiful building site; area one acre; water front; 7 minutes from trams. The easiest terms will be given. Apply to
J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect.
29½ Government St., Victoria, B.C. mar28-td

New England Bakery.
116 AND 118 GOVERNMENT ST.
The New New England Bakery and Restaurant is
Now Open Day and Night
AT THE OLD STAND.
THREE DINING ROOMS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
The Finest in the City. Meals at all hours. Telephone Call 161.
YOUNG BROS.

NEW GOODS
FOR Spring AND Summer
JUST RECEIVED.
A. GREGG & SON,
Tailors, 62 Yates St.
mar2-1m

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweler,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practicle experience of over 25 years. mar4

We Are Not

Presuming to Preach when we counsel economy, and to practice economy is to buy at moderate prices. This means to make your purchases of Boots and Shoes from our superb display of new spring styles. High class goods and low prices do the

Talking

We need to do very little after we get the customer in the store. Summer is springing upon us, and our goods are springing into popularity at even a faster pace.

See the latest in Tan, Tennis, and Lacrosse Shoes, and other lines, and you will agree that we are not talking

Moonshine.

A. B. ERSKINE,
COR. GOV'T & JOHNSON STS.

THE GRAND JURY.

Senator Gowan on the Abolition of the System.

Senator (then Judge) Gowan in 1881 in addressing a Grand Jury at Barrie said:—"I speak with confidence in asserting that a proper and effective substitute can be provided at less than half the present cost of Grand Juries, and so all the purposes they serve could be accomplished by an agency requiring no contribution from the county, and far less expensive to the country. This Province would have the necessary agency and be effectively served by being divided into say five circuits, a Crown prosecutor being appointed for each—answering to the Advocate's Deputy in Scotland—while the existing local machinery our excellent Crown Attorney system, could be taken advantage of as is done under the Scotch Criminal Procedure in respect to the Procurators Fiscal in each county. All these officers would have a certain tenure, and the same independence of local influence which the law accords to judges. They would advise whenever necessary, and be under the direction of the chief law officer of the Crown, and thus without any serious disturbance in our system, criminal prosecutions would be placed much upon the same footing as under the excellent Scotch system, for which it has been justly claimed that under it the investigation of criminal proceedings preparatory to criminal prosecution are beyond the control of popular influence in the local sense while subject to strict official supervision and to the control of public opinion acting in accordance with the Constitution."

Woman's Matrimonial Chances.

A woman's chance to marry at from fifteen to twenty years of age is said to be 14 1-2 per cent. From twenty to twenty-five the chance is increased to 52 per cent; from twenty-five to thirty it diminishes to 18; from thirty to thirty-five, to 15 1-2 per cent. From thirty-five to forty the chances of an unmarried woman sink to 3 3-4 per cent; from forty to forty-five a still further diminution is seen, her chance being but 2 1-2. From forty-five to fifty the old maid's chance of getting a husband is but 3-8 of 1 per cent; while from fifty to fifty-five she is supposed to have but 1-4 of 1 per cent. of a chance. It should, however, be added that the table of averages does not apply to widows. Accurate statisticians, who would not be caught in a mistake for the world, affirm that a widow of any age has at least seventy-six spinster drawing power, and some place her figure up to eighty-two. The widow's chances at any age are, therefore, seventy-six to eighty-two times better than that of a spinster.

All Classes Against It.

The fact that a labor strike is a greater damage to the laboring classes than to any other class would apply with more force than ever before to a switchmen's strike at the present time. It would mean the stoppage of work in the lumber trade, in the coal trade, among men in the warehouses, among the employes of shippers, in the building trades and in every branch of business and industry depending on railway transportation. For every 100 striking switchmen at least a thousand men in other employments would be forced into idleness. Such is always the case, to a less or greater degree. But now the paralysis of industry would be greater and more general than at any previous time. A strike like that which is portended would involve more in the loss of wages to men who toil than it would in loss of revenues by the railroads.—Chicago Herald.

You May Eat Onions Now.

A cup of black coffee taken after a Spanish omelette, potato salad, cutlets a la soubise or any other dish prepared with onion or its cousin, garlic, will destroy the abhorrent fumes that cling to the bronchial tubes. A couple of wintergreen creams, or clove candies, eaten before leaving the table, will remove the taste of food from the mouth and neutralize the smell of wine. A few drops of camphor and myrrh in a glass of water is excellent for a gargle and a tooth wash when there is the suspicion of a tainted breath. A bad taste in the mouth and a white tongue will always warrant the use of an antidote for a bad breath. Cinnamon, ginger, cloves and orris root sweeten the mouth and will disguise unpleasant odors for the time being. Spruce and mastic gum are used for the same purpose.

Men's Goods For Women's Wear.

Women have not only appropriated masculine patterns but have discovered the worth and durability of masculine materials as well, and are using them for street and travelling gowns. Some of the neat and stylish Melton cloths—dark checks, bars, and blue, brown and gray striped or flecked trouserings—make stylish coats and costumes for general wear, and though they seem expensive, are 52 inches wide, requiring but a few yards, and wear remarkably well. Vests of brighter cloth relieve these dark suits, and the result is very chic.

A Savory Italian Dish.

Pelpettone is a delicious Italian dish. To make it the cuts off the joint are hashed up with sage, parsley, a little mashed potato and a very small lump of butter, some grated cheese, salt and pepper. Add to this the yolk of two eggs and a little milk, which last gives it a delicious flavor. Mix all well together, then make it into the shape of a very large croquette, roll it in bread-crumbs, put it in a buttered tin-pan, with a little dripping, pop it into the oven, turning it over now and then until it is baked. It can be served with or without sauce.

Rich Men Scolded.

In the race for wealth the obligations of Christian brotherhood are forgotten and the poor are left to shift for themselves. So great was the craze for excitement that Sunday is no longer observed by the rich. Poor people are not able to observe it in a proper way, because if they are shabby none of the churches want them. Realizing this, they carefully kept away. It was only after a hard struggle that they had managed to fight their way into a picture gallery on Sunday.

Novelties in Shoes.

Some novelties in shoes are: Nile-green suede ties beaded with jets, ties and bedroom slippers beaded in silver, white brocaded satin boots, heliotrope and black with silver buckles, tan suede ties striped with dark brown, black suede trimmed with fur and lined with heavy red silk, gray suede embroidered in light blue silk and turquoise beads.

His Last Chance.

"Is there any hope of his recovery?"

"O, yes. He has forbidden all doctors to enter his house."—Grip.

LET PEOPLE KNOW IT.

Whatever your business in life may be,
If you keep a shop, let people know it.
Though trade may be dull, though your room be small,
With heart full of pluck and a smile for all,
Advertise freely—you'll soon outgrow it.

In the world's great volume you want a name,
There is room for all—let people know it.
Stand firm in the ranks, your face to the front,
With courage and cheer, ne'er saying "I can't;"
Though your niche be small, you'll soon outgrow it.

The battle of life is an earnest one;
Do you brave the strife? let people know it.
You may be afraid, at first, for awhile,
And sword-thrusts be thick in the rank and file,
But fight right along—you'll soon outgrow it.

HUNTING STORIES.

Baron Munchausen Yarns Told With an Air of Truth.

The tales that are told by sportsmen after they have returned from the pursuit of game are often almost too wonderful to be true, and yet it is difficult when listening to the good fellows who narrate them to believe that there is any intention on the hunter's part to deceive.

One of the most marvellous stories of the hunting-field of late comes from Paris, and is as follows: A hunter, a resident of a small town in the south of France, who had spent a considerable part of the day in an unsuccessful quest for game, and had discharged his shot-gun many times without result, caught sight, on his way home, of a superb pigeon well up in an oak-tree which grew on a very steep hill-side. The hunter's gun was charged with powder, but he was entirely out of shot. In this emergency, and resolving firmly that he would have the pigeon, he sat down on the ground, took out his pocket-knife, and with it pulled several nails out of the soles of his shoe. With these he loaded his gun. The pigeon sat in his place. The hunter aimed, fired, and the pigeon was nailed to a branch of the oak-tree with the shoe nails. The hunter was almost in despair, seeing the game fastened apparently beyond his reach. But he climed the tree, ascended with difficulty to the place where the pigeon hung, and had just taken the bird off, when he lost his footing and fell through the air.

As chance would have it, the hunter landed in the midst of a hare's nest. He began to roll rapidly down the steep and slippery hill-side: but before he did so he seized a large hare firmly by the hind legs. Then rolling forward, he slid plump into a covey of partridges, and striking about him with the hare, he succeeded in killing nine of these admirable birds.

He then picked himself up, and took himself homeward with his pigeon, his hare, and his partridges, well satisfied with the results of his day's sport.

This is almost as wonderful, really, as that old, old story of Baron Munchausen, who, when hunting for deer upon one occasion, encountered a magnificent animal, but, like a Frenchman above, found himself without shot. Speedily gathering together a handful of cherry stones, he loaded his gun with them, and fired at the deer, hitting him squarely between the eyes, not killing him, however. The deer managed to escape, but some time later the Baron encountered him again, and was surprised to see a beautiful cherry-tree growing out of the animal's forehead, covered with blossoms and fruit. It is suspected that the Baron Munchausen story is not true, but the other is claimed to be so, although we may all have our private opinion on the subject.—Harper's Young People.

Some Strange Things That People Eat.

Young wasp grubs fried in butter do not at first sight appear to be the most alluring dish in the world, yet they have been pronounced delicious by those hardy experimenters who have tried them. Fed, as they are, upon the sweetest juices drawn from fruit and flowers, they naturally possess a delicate flavor. Perhaps the best way to prepare them is to bake them in the comb, says the Table, London.

Incidental to experiments conducted by Government experts respecting the edible qualities of insects, a number of trials were made of a beverage particularly novel, which might be termed "antade."

A few hundred ants were crushed at a time in a mortar with a pestle, and the liquid from them, after being strained, was mixed, just like lemon juice, with water and sugar. The resulting beverage resembles lemonade so closely as to be scarcely distinguishable from it.

The reason why is very easy to explain. Formic acid is the nearest approach to citric acid known to the chemist. In fact there is little difference between them.

Awhile ago a St. Louis caterer made from grasshoppers a soup which was pronounced delicious by many people who were afforded an opportunity of tasting it. It closely resembled bisque.

A learned professor treated some friends of his on one occasion to curry of grasshoppers croquettes, without informing them as to the nature of the banquet, but an unlucky hindleg discovered in one of the croquettes revealed the secret.

Among the people of Java cockchafers are a favorite food.

Those admirable economists, the Chinese, eat the crysalids of silkworms after the silk has been wound off them, frying them in butter or lard, adding the yolk of an egg or two and seasoning with pepper, salt and vinegar.

How "Oliver Twist" Was Created.

Even the highest genius must sometimes borrow—or least appropriate—the hints of others. Few, however, could make as fine use of a hint as Dickens could.

The true story of the origin of "Oliver Twist" is not generally known. It is this: After the amazing success of the "Pickwick Papers," Dickens was thinking of following it up by a story of London life, with which he was more familiar than with English country life.

Just about that time he happened to visit the studio of George Cruikshank, and was shown some drawings the latter had made illustrating the career of a London thief.

There was a sketch of Fagin's den, with the Artful Dodger and Master Charley Bates; pictures of Bill Sikes and his dog, and Nancy Sikes, and lastly, Fagin in the condemned cell. Dickens was much struck by the power of these character sketches, and the result was that he changed the whole plot of "Oliver Twist." Instead of taking him through spiritless adventures in the country, he introduced him into the thieves' den in London, showed up their life of sin, but brought his hero through pure and undefiled.

Thus it will be seen that George Cruikshank, not Charles Dickens, was the originator of the leading characters that appear in "Oliver Twist."

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 17.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, September 29th, 1892.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

No. 2 Passenger Daily.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Victoria.	STATIONS	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	BOUND SOUTH. READ UP.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Wellington.
De. 8.00 A M		De. 2.30 P M	—	VICTORIA	Ar. 12.24 P M		Ar. 6.38 P M	78
" 8.04		" 2.34	1	ROCKLAND	" 12.20		" 6.34	77
" 8.14		" 2.44	3	GORGE	" 12.10		" 6.24	75
" 8.39		" 3.00	11	GOLDSTREAM	" 11.45 A M		" 6.19	68
" 8.44		" 3.28	35	SUMMIT SIDING	" 11.10		" 5.50	58
" 9.34		" 4.04	55	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	" 10.50		" 4.24	47
" 9.44		" 4.14	61	COBBLE HILL	" 10.40		" 4.14	42
" 9.57		" 4.29	72	McPHERSON'S	" 10.27		" 3.33	29
" 10.07		" 4.39	77	KOKSILAH	" 10.17		" 3.49	25
" 10.22		" 4.54	82	DUNCANS	" 10.02		" 3.34	20
" 10.48		" 5.10	89	SOMENOS	" 9.36		" 2.12	13
11.30		5.53	98	CHEMAINUS	" 9.15		" 2.55	4
Ar. 11.50				OYSTER BAY SIDING	" 8.34		" 2.14	—
De. 11.52		6.11	—	NANAIMO	" 8.26		" 1.50	De.
Ar. 12.14 P M		A. 6.38	—	WELLINGTON	" 8.15			

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.
oct1

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

AND

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

TEOS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent
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FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

THE

Northern Pacific

RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

ELEGANT DAY COACHES

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED 18 knots		Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			TONNAGE 1117		
8 00 am	Lv	MI		...*Tacoma...	110	Ar	5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28		....Seattle....	82	Lv	3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	73		Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11 45 pm
4 30 um	Ar	110		...Victoria†...	MI	Lv	8 30 pm

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make connections at Port Townsend for passengers from Bellingham Bay points to Victoria and return.

Whatcom Route.
S.S. CITY OF SEATTLE.

6 00 pm	Lv	MI		‖*Tacoma..	132	Ar	4 30 pm
9 00 pm	Lv	28		....Seattle....	100	Lv	2 30 pm
12 15 am	Lv	72		Pt. Townsend.	56	Lv	11 30 am
2 45 am	Lv	101		..Anacortes..	21	Lv	9 15 am
7 45 am	Ar	123		..Fairhaven..	3	Lv	8 00 am
8 10 am	Ar	131		....Sehome....	1	Lv	7 30 am
4 30 am	Ar	132		...Whatcom...	MI	Lv	6 00 am

‖Close connections with Northern Pacific trains from Portland and San Francisco.

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make close connections at Tacoma wharf with trains to and from Portland, and with the east and west bound overland trains.

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	MI				A	
11 00 pm	Lv	28		...*Seattle....	58	Ar	2 10 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39		.Port Madison	47	Lv	
	Lv	45		...Kingston....	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49		.Port Gamble.	21	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73		.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86		‖Pt. Townsend	MI	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‖ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria B. C.
A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass Agent. 121 First Washington, Portland, Or

STEAMBOATS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

THE FAST MAIL LINE.

No Change of Cars, Pacific to Atlantic.

THE SHORT ROUTE TO

New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Montreal, Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, St. Paul and all Points East and Southeast.

Fares $5 to $10 Less than any Other Route.

Luxurious Drawing Room and Sleeping Cars Upholstered Tourist Cars, Free Colonist Sleepers.

Through Rates and Tickets to and from Europe by all Steamship Lines.

The Imperial Highway to the Orient.

EMPRESS OF INDIA,
EMPRESS OF CHINA,
EMPRESS OF JAPAN.

For Rates, Sailing Lists, and all information, apply at the Company's office, corner Government and Fort Streets.

ALLAN CAMERON, Agent.
GEO. McL. BROWN, District Passenger Agent, Vancouver.

THE

Northern Pacific

STEAMSHIP COMPANY

IN CONNECTION WITH

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC Railroad Company,

the Shortest Route to

Japan and China.

Proposed Sailing of Steamers:

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION)

WILL LEAVE VICTORIA

S. S. TACOMA, March 21st

And thereafter the permanent service of the Company's regular steamers.

For freight or passage apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,
Gen. Agts. Trounce Avenue, Victoria, or
E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agt. N. P. R. R. Co., Victoria. se20

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Vaudez Island every alternate Thursday at.....7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria, at the Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, May 10, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa.....THURSDAY, April 27th, 1893, 3 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the Eng. mails.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Frahcisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.
no2

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

City of Puebla - - - April 14

E. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 19.

Taking effect March 25, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 12 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock
For Pender Island Wednesday at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock
For Pender Island Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports every Monday at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the first and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLTON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£600,000 $2,920,000.
RESERVE FUND.....£260,000 $1,265,333.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

Agents and Correspondents in Canada and the United States:

Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Imperial Bank of Canada; Bank of Montreal New York and Chicago.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business.

Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1893. ap7-1yr W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.,

(LIMITED)

CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS, UPSTAIRS,

Is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as

Maps, Checks, Drafts,
Bill Heads, Letter Heads,
Note Heads, Labels,
Wedding & Visiting Cards,
Etc., Etc.

VISITING CARDS printed from Copper plates and stone.

PORTRAITS enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art.

Orders left at the TIMES Office or with the Manager will be promptly attended to

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized, Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

MEN'S SUMMER SUITS, $5.75, $6.75, $8.50, $10 and upwards. EASTERN TAILOR MADE SUITS, TO MEASURE, Fit and Finish Guaranteed.
BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS, $2.25, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and upwards.
BEST ASSORTMENT EVER SHOWN IN VICTORIA.
B. WILLIAMS & Co. Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

The mounted police summer patrols are being sent to their stations.

T. W. Peters was re-elected mayor of St. John, N.B., for a third term.

George T. Marks was re-elected Mayor of Port Arthur by a majority of 59.

The residence of Rev. F. R. Hole, of Minnedosa, was destroyed by fire.

Rev. C. P. Pitblado, of California, has accepted a call to Westminster church in Winnipeg.

Hon. Frank Smith has been confined to his home in Toronto since Sunday last by an attack of erysipelas.

William Butcher's hardware store in Meaford has been gutted by fire. Loss, $10,000; insurance, $6000.

W. F. Rivers, an old-time rancher, died of paralysis at Calgary. His remains will be taken to London, Ont., for burial.

Richard Smardon, boot and shoe manufacturer, of Three Rivers, has assigned. His liabilities are placed at about $50,000, with small assets.

An eccentric Kingsville character and miser, named Mary Ann Pickup, called "Granny," is dead. She left several thousand dollars, which was found in a tin box.

John Yuill, aged twenty-six, of Ramsay township, stumbled and fell heavily on his knee. The shock resulted in a fracture of the spine, and he expired in a few minutes.

Gorrie's mill-dam and a small bridge at the east end of Gorrie village—the principal bridge over the Maitland river on Main street—have been swept away by the floods.

Rev. Dr. Wild of Toronto has been appointed representative for the Congregational Church of Canada at the Religious Congress of the World to be held at the World's Fair.

Thirty-one car loads of nickel matte have crossed from Prescott to Ogdensburg during the past week, en route from Sudbury to Constable Hook, N.J., for the United States government use.

John Madill, a settler at Virden, Manitoba, died suddenly. He arrived only two weeks ago and rented a farm. He came from Floss, county Cardwell, Ont., where he leaves a wife and two children.

Several of the largest plate glass merchants in Canada have formed a combine and have applied for a charter under the name of the Consolidated Plate Glass Company, Limited, with a capital stock of $250,000.

Delegates from sixteen camps of "Woodmen of the World" met in London and organized a grand council of the order in Canada. Royal sanction was given to the act of incorporation of "Woodmen of Dominion" on April 1. The next annual meeting will be held in Brantford.

The funeral of Assisstant Secretary Macpherson, of the public works department, Ottawa, took place on Wednesday. The cortege was of an enormous length. The funeral was of a military character, the deceased having been a captain in the Foot Guards.

A company has been formed, with a capital of a quarter of a million, for the purchase of all the mica and phosphate properties in the Ottawa district.

The outlook for lumbering in the Ottawa valley is very good. A large supply of logs is available.

E. A. Watson, mining engineer of Ottawa, and a news agent were the only ones injured in the C.P.R. accident at Port Arthur on Monday. Watson was able to proceed on his journey and the news agent is in Port Arthur Hospital.

The latest newspaper rumor is to the effect that E. E. Sheppard, the well-known editor of the Toronto Saturday Night, will embark in a journalistic enterprise in Winnipeg. His name is mentioned in connection with a new Conservative paper.

Two Toronto trolley cars, going at a high speed, collided and demolished each other. Both motormen were badly injured, as was another employee of the road. There was only one passenger on either car. An open switch was the cause of the collision. The loss amounts to $1500.

Hon. Peter Mitchell was relieved of $120 while on the train going to New York.

The rate for carrying grain on the Intercolonial has been increased by two cents a hundred pounds. Shippers are kicking, but Mr. Schrieber says that even with the increase the rate will not pay.

Walter McMonagle's four barns at Sussex, N.B., were burned, together with eighteen thoroughbred Ayrshire cows, one bull and one calf, fifty tons of hay, 600 bushels of oats, 500 bushels of turnips, wagons, sleighs, carriages, and a lot of farming implements. Loss, $6000; no insurance.

A fire broke out in Garland, Elliott and Co's clothing store, Port Arthur. Most of the stock was saved, but in a badly damaged condition. The building was owned by Oliver Daunais. It was badly gutted. The insurance on the building is $1000 in the Western. The stock was insured for $9000.

The sisters of charity have concluded with the proprietors of Beaufort lunatic asylum an arrangement by which they become proprietors of the asylum. The price agreed upon is $427,000, to be paid within a period of sixty years. The government will continue the bounty given to the old proprietors.

George Rankin, son of the late Col. Rankin and brother of McKee Rankin, the actor, proposes taking action under the Pawnbrokers' Act against Thos. McWhinney, J.P., of Sandwich, to recover jewelry deposited with him as security for a loan to his father. The jewelry belonged to Col. Rankin's wife.

Two boys named Prosser and Neve, belonging to Longwood are in Middlesex county jail, charged with attempting to wreck a Michigan Central railway train by placing a rail on the track. The engine struck the rail but none of the cars left the track, the obstruction having been noticed in time to put on the brakes.

Manitoba and the Dakotas had a farewell blizzard on Wednesday, but the temperature was quite mild, and no serious results are expected. The telegraph wires were out of order during the day and trains slightly delayed. The ice in the Red river is still solid at Winnipeg, but is breaking up at Fargo.

For the purpose of administering the Chinese Immigration Act all officers of the customs of the outside service who have been or may hereafter be made controllers under the act, shall be subject to the orders of, and must report to the Minister of Trade and Commerce, as far as their duties relate to the enforcement of the provisions of this statute.

An incendiary fire in Sarnia destroyed the stores, together with the contents, of Samuel Dennis, butcher, and C. Eacrett, harness-maker, and seriously damaged the premises and ruined the stocks of Wm. Johnston, grocer, and W. A. Buchner, butcher. There have been many incendiary fires in Sarnia and attempts to start others during the past three months.

The Merchants' Retail Commercial Agency, incorporated under the laws of Illinois, got into trouble in Toronto through sending offensive dunning circulars to debtors city tradesmen. The concern was carrying on business without having a registered partnership, and is liable under the laws of the province to pay a penalty of $200 to anyone bringing action against them.

Provincial Treasurer Harcourt of Ontario in his budget speech showed the assets of the province to be $5,857,857 and its liabilities at present $19,099, leaving a surplus of assets after deducting liabilities presently payable of $5,838,758. The receipts of the province for 1892 amounted to $4,662,921 and the expenditures to $4,018,053. The estimated receipts for 1893 are $4,030,752.

The public reception given Dalton McCarthy in Toronto is pronounced to have been a great success. The hall was packed and hundreds in the street unable to obtain admission. Douglas Armour presided. The proceedings were marked by the greatest enthusiasm. The committee in charge of the affair presented Mr. McCarthy with an address complimenting him on the course he had taken in political affairs.

Wall paper and room mouldings at Mellor's, Fort street, above Douglas. *

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

MYSTERIOUS MARAUDERS.

Some Devices Invented for the Special Benefit of the House Thieves.

Considerable alarm is felt throughout the city at the bold robberies lately committed, and more than one worthy householder has the family six-shooter ready for instant action.

Some of the devices contrived for the taking of the predatory gentlemen while they are pursuing their unlawful occupation have been described to a Times man by the proud inventors and sole owners.

One of them is a complicated system of silk threads, a single strand of which is stretched across each window and door of the house, and so set that when touched, ever so lightly, a small alarm is set going close to the ear of the slumbering householder, whose plan of campaign is to slip out of bed into his felt slippers, get his S. & W. 45-calibre automatic, glide down into the hall and either capture the burglar or blow him into kingdom come. This ingenious gentleman is evolving an indicating board, so that the window or door entered by the midnight prowler shall be shown. He says the thread is so fine that a person engaged on such a mission as working a manufactured silver claim would never notice it on entering. The writer says his device relegates the faithful watch-dog to the realms of prehistoric mossyness. "The dog," he says "is not in it, but the burglar is when he tackles our lean-to, you bet."

Another scheme is worked with a clever and attractive arrangement of unbaited steel traps, warranted not to open after once being tickled, and each one connected by wire with a bell in the owner's sleeping apartment. These ironic smiles are placed convenient to the burglar's hand, so that the grip of welcome will be his the first false move he makes. The trapper trusts to the large number and the strength of these instruments to induce the trappee to stay till he comes down with the ancestral bludgeon and a pair of handcuffs.

Still another householder swears by the yelping terrier, the interesting animal having free range of all the rooms in the house, and the owner defies any burglarious individual to set foot inside the garden gate without alarming that dog, and, through the dog, the whole house.

Several descriptions of "suspicious-looking characters" who might be likely to "take what wasn't their'n" have been supplied by persons who have been on the lookout. It is remarkable that several of the descriptions tally almost to the details. This description is of two men, one tall, the other short, shabbily dressed, the tall man wearing a derby hat, the short one a black slouch. They are generally together and walk quite briskly, their eyes making a keen survey of the buildings passed. It has been stated positively that a woman is also one of the gang, and that her part of the "work" is to go from house to house in the forenoons pretending to sell a cheap publication of some kind. She is described as being of pleasing manners, neatly dressed and very loquacious. Her "game" is believed to be to try to get into the house so as to "talk up" her paper and at the same time "keep an eye on the spoons" and other silverware lying about. If successful in this plan she informs the worthies before mentioned and they soon find out all about the habits of the household and make arrangements to suit. The success of the gang has been surprising and reminds the police of the mysterious robberies in New Westminster two years ago, when much valuable material was stolen and no trace of the perpetrators has been discovered to this day.

It is almost unnecessary to state that the police are doing their best to capture the thieves, who are doing so profitable a business in this city.

Bone Fertiliser.

The British Columbia Enterprise Manufacturing Company have begun to manufacture bone fertilizer of all descriptions at their works, situated on Carey Road. This is a new industry in the province and the manufacturers feel confident that there is a large field for their goods. The value of bone dust as a fertilizer is known all over the world and the farmers and gardeners of British Columbia instead of importing this manure from the east will be able to purchase almost at their own doors. The office of the company is at the corner of Pandora avenue and Broad street.

New Justices of the Peace.

The Gazette notes the following appointments of J.P.'s. Edward W. King of Mount Lehman, and William John Brewer of South Vancouver for the Westminster electoral district; Oliver T. Stone of Kaslo and William Melville Newton of Pilot Bay for West Kootenay electoral district.

The Puebla's Passengers.

The steamer City of Puebla left for the Bay City this morning with the following cabin pasengers from this port: A. Woodin and wife, Miss H. Gilbert, L. H. Box, Miss L. Mathews, Miss M. Mathews, R. E. McKay and wife, Miss A. Harkins, W. J. Mathews, J. Hanley and L. Buchanan.

PROTESTANT ORPHANS' HOME.

To the Editor:—Some months ago the committee of this institution invited architects resident in Victoria to submit designs for their proposed new buildings, undertaking on their part to "engage some competent, disinterested architect advise them which design most nearly conforms to these conditions of competition, the author of which will then be entrusted with the work." The entire cost of the work as represented by the drawings and report must not exceed $20,000, which will be determined by the professional adviser engaged by the committee."

I would suggest that the committee publish the report of the professional adviser, or that Mr. McKay Fripp be invited to do so, as it is commonly reported that the design selected by the committee was not placed first by Mr. Fripp and that another name was added by the committee without being classed by the referee.

The architects who gave their time to this matter have an undoubted right to see this report of Mr. Fripp's as an evidence of good faith on the part of the committee and that they have carried out the agreement they deliberately entered into in their printed invitation to Victoria architects. The justice of this demand will, I trust, commend itself to you and to the committee. VIC.

COLONIST AND SINGLE TAX.

To the Editor—The article in this morning's issue of the Colonist, entitled "An audacious newspaper," contains the usual proportion of abuse and misrepresentation that characterize the utterances of its authors, for they are the only weapons of a foe who has no basis of logic, justice or veracity to stand upon. The editor of said journal has repeatedly been called upon by single tax men to quote one whole paragraph from any of George's works that can possibly be construed as advocating the robbery of anyone, but has so far failed to do so, simply because he cannot.

Mr. Louis F. Post, one of the greatest of single tax advocates, lectured last Saturday evening to a large and interlecture he solicited remarks or questions ested audience in this city. After the from anyone who might wish to be further enlightened upon the subject. If the lecturer had advanced spoliation or injustice of any kind why didn't some one of the many journalists and statesmen present take that chance to rise and denounce the "Georgian system of wholesale robbery?"

Or perhaps it would be more pertinent to ask why the doughty editor of the Colonist was not present to avail himself of such an exceptionally good chance to "brave the lion in his den," instead of waiting till Mr. Post had gone many hundreds of miles away and the "Georgian absurdities" so enthusiastically accepted by the audience had time to digest and spread their baneful influence through the public system?

J. M.

WONDERFUL CAICEDO.

He Wears High Boot Heels and Spurs on the Tight Wire.

The one especial thing in its line that seems to be most pleasing vaudeville audiences in London just now is the performance of Caicedo, the tight-wire dancer. Tight-rope walkers there are galore, and clever enough and their achievements are great, but of tight-wire performers there are none save Caicedo. Even on the tight rope and slack wire, which Caicedo smiles at as well enough for amateurs, his feats are hardly duplicated. His wire is a mere thread, invisible when stationary, except from very near the stage, and wholly so even to Caicedo when vibrating, as it is most of the time. It is stretched tightly as a fiddlestring some ten feet above the stage. On this he performs all the ordinary feats of the ordinary performer. Dressed in tights and carrying a balancing pole he walks backward and forward dances, leaps and turns somersaults. But all this is preliminary. Later he does a military uniform and heavy riding boots, with high heels and immense spurs, does all the feats over again, and over again, and adds others that are simply astounding.

He marches across the wire with giant strides, bounding in the air three or four feet at a step. He jumps away up in the air, coming down first on one foot and then on the other. Then he makes prodigious leaps—seven, eight feet and more—into the air, and lands lightly with both feet on the wire. A peculiar thing is that as soon as he lands on the wire it stops dead, and he stands as firmly and steadily on it as though poised on a granite pedestal. He makes a great bound, assisted by the spring of the wire, six or seven feet into the air, and comes down sitting sidewise on the wire. Then comes his greatest feat. Bounding up from the sitting posture still higher skyward, he turns a somersault high in the air and comes down with his feet firmly planted on the slender thread of wire easily and with more grace than many an acrobat lands on a mattress. All this, with clumsy, thick-soled, high-heeled, spurred riding boots on his feet. The boots have been investigated and found to be just the ordinary kind.

Caicedo is a South American, born in Popayan, Colombia. He has spent all his life in the circus ring, and was an expert fancy rider and acrobat before he tried the tight wire. He practised four hours a day for nine years before he could do his feats, and all the time folks said he would never succeed. After three years' practice he continually fell from the wire, and after five he could just walk and dance with a balancing pole. He does not know now how he preserves his balance, or manages to come down just where the wire is. He does so unconsciously. He says, and truly, he cannot see the wire. No one can, for it vibrates like a harp string. He says he sees with his feet. Just now he is making $200 a week and a reputation that will be worth very much more soon—unless every one's expectations are realized and he breaks his neck.

A Good Story on Pope Leo.

A writer in The Figaro draws a comparison between Ferry and Gambetta. Gambetta partly owed his wonderful popularity to his lively and enthusiastic nature, which enlisted sympathies and won him friends everywhere, while Ferry, proud, stiff, and sarcastic, chilled and repelled. Gambetta once told Ferry laughingly that he was a rose tree on which there grew only thorns. Yet the two were good friends. It was their hatred of the Imperial regime that united them. M. Ferry, after the civil ceremony of his marriage, did not attend any religious service. Quite lately when M. and Mme. Ferry were staying in Rome, the Pope granted them an audience. Leo XIII, with his usual quick wit and marvellous tact, seized his opportunity and when it was time to bring the interview to an end asked them if they would like to have his benediction. Of course, they both answered in the affirmative. After he had blessed them, he added, "You see what a short thing it is to be married religiously."

For fine ball programmes, invitation, wedding and visiting cards, and all kinds of commercial work, maps, checks, billheads, letter and note heads, color labels, etc., etc., go to the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor. Yates and Government streets, up stairs; entrance Yates street. Orders taken at the TIMES office. *

Queen's Birthday
CELEBRATION.

A public meeting will be held at the City Hall on Friday, the 14th of April, at 8 o'clock p.m., to consider the best method of celebrating the birthday of Her Majesty the Queen.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
ap12 3t Mayor.

HOTELS.

New Telegraph Hotel.

Accommodation for 100 guests. This hotel is a three-story brick, with basement; has electric light and gas, and all the modern conveniences, and commands a fine view of the harbor. Terms, from $1 to $2 per day.
d&w JOHNATHAN MERRIFIELD.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.
(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.).
ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL
(Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). (Steam) Fuel).
THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
House and Steam Coal are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.
THE "SOUTH FIELD COAL" is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.
THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.
The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the lagest tonnage are loaded all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Dec. 30. Superintendent.

Victoria's Leading Merchants
TRADERS :-: AGENTS :-: PRODUCERS

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

CHAS. E. REDFERN
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER
Chronometers rated by Transit Observations.
NO. 43 GOVERNMENT STREET.

MUNROE MILLER,
Printer and Binder.
77 Johnson Street.

Are You In It?
The best investment a business man can make is a judicious expenditure in newspaper advertising. It is better than real estate. If only a small ad. is wanted try a card in this column.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between Alexander Muir, formerly of Victoria, and now residing in Nanaimo, and John Boyd, of the city of Victoria, under the title of Muir & Boyd, Manufacturers' Agents, Victoria, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The said Alexander Muir retires from the firm, and the said John Boyd continues the business under the title of John Boyd & Co. All debts owing to the partnership to be paid to John Boyd, by whom all debts against the partnership will be settled.

ALEXANDER MUIR.
JOHN BOYD.
Victoria, 10th April, 1893. ap13-3t

A CORRECTION.

To the Editor: An advertisement appears in your columns which does us and many others a great injustice. I refer to that of Ross, McLaren & Co. re the townsite of Duluth. None of the land referred to in the advertisement is in any way conected with the townsite of Duluth. Our land, as well as any other that has been platted or added to Duluth is ours in fee simple by virtue of a crown grant issued two years ago, and the title is indisputable.

Very respectfully,
KING & CASEY.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

In pursuance of the "Creditors Trust Deeds Act, 1890," notice is hereby given that Thomas Russell, of 27 Ellis street, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, accountant, has assigned all his real and personal property to William Wilson, of Government street, in the city of Victoria, and residing at Pemberton road, in the city of Victoria, clothier, and James Burns, of Beacon Cottage, Beacon Hill, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, commission merchant, in trust for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Thomas Russell. The said deed was executed by the said assignor and trustees on the 22nd day of March, 1893, and the assignees have undertaken the trusts created by the said deed.

Dated 22nd March, 1893.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Assignees.
March 24-1m

William Eckert, Deceased:

NOTICE.—All persons having claims or demands against the estate of William Eckert, late of Yates street, in the city of Victoria, grocer, deceased, are hereby required to send in particulars of their claims and demands on or before the 30th day of April next, to Simon Leiser, of the city of Victoria, merchant, attorney-in-fact for me the administratrix, by virtue of letters of administration granted to me by the Supreme Court of British Columbia on the 8th day of February, 1893.

And notice is hereby also given that after such 30th day of April next I shall proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which I shall then have notice.

Dated this 25th day of March, 1893.

ELIZA A. ECKERT,
Administratrix of the said deceased.
March 27-1m.

WING ON,
Pioneer Grocer and Provision Dealer
INTELLIGENCE BUREAU—All kinds of Chinese help furnished.
30 Cormorant St., VICTORIA, B. C.
ap6-2m

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
Government street Victoria.

KASLO, B. C.
WANTED—Lots in Kaslo. Send full description, title, price, terms, etc., to
D. GILES,
Kaslo, B. C.

THOS. SPENCE,
Notary Public and Land Agent
KELOWNA
Okanagan Mission, B.C.
ly. 3w

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A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time Apply to
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TENDERS
Will be received until May 1st for purchase of four lots, all under cultivation, each 60x120 ft., on Alpha and Beta Sts., off Burnside Road; including new house, stable, work shop, summer-house and 20 fruit trees. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
Tenders to H. R. SELLICK, on premises.
mar25-1m

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National Business College
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Best aid to the Amateur, the Artist, and to those fond of a beautiful Home. 36 Colored Pictures given with a year's subscription for only $4.00. Complete instructions and designs given for Embroidery, Wood Carving, China Painting, Modeling, Oil, Water and Mineral Color Painting, and every branch of Home Decoration. No home is complete without this beautifully illustrated guide.

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A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
93½ Douglas Street.

Notice of Assignment.

Notice is hereby given that Aaron Lewis, carrying on business under the name and style of A. Lewis and Co., at No. 46 Yates street, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, stove and hardware merchant, has assigned all his real and personal property to George Frank Mathews, of Government and Johnson streets, in the city of Victoria, and residing at No. 308 Dallas road, hardware merchant, and Robert Dudgeon, residing at the Brunswick hotel, Yates street, in the city of Victoria, bookkeeper to the said Aaron Lewis, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Aaron Lewis.

The said deed was executed by the said assignor and trustees on the 17th day of March, A. D. 1893, and the assignees have undertaken the trusts created by the said deed.

All persons having claims against the said Aaron Lewis must forward and deliver full particulars of claim, duly verified, to the assignees at Victoria, on or before the 20th day of April, 1893. All persons indebted to said Aaron Lewis are required to pay the amount due by them to the said assignees forthwith. After the first day of July, 1893, the trustees will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice. A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned on Friday, the 24th day of March, 1893, at 2.30 o'clock, p. m.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Assignees.
Dated the 17th day of March, 1893.
mar 18-1m

THE QUADRA IN PORT AGAIN

The Sorrow Island Massacre Turns Out to be Only a Myth.

THEY WERE BUT MALICIOUS REPORTS

Capt. Walbran Locates a Dangerous Rock—An Interesting Chief and His Unique Monument—Loyalty and Religion—Superintendent Hussey and Twelve Constables Arrive Back.

From the short account that appeared in yesterday's paper the readers of the Times would know the Dominion steamer Quadra arrived at Nanaimo yesterday afternoon from the successful expedition northwards with the provincial police. The steamer arrived in Victoria at noon to-day. The police party, in charge of Superintendent Hussey, numbered 12 constables, several being specials, and Dr. Duncan was in medical charge.

The voyage north occupied four days, Captain Walbran reporting the weather as bad as he had ever seen it in the northern waters. Snow fell thick and fast for two days, at times completely obscuring the land, necessitating the greatest caution in proceeding. Tolmie Channel, Graham Reach and Grenville Channel were mere names to the travelers northwards, as the snow in these channels fell so thick that very little else than the loom of the land could be seen. The Quadra anchored off Kitkatlah at 9 a.m. on the 3rd inst. firing a big gun as she did so, which was immediately answered by two guns from the village. Mr. Todd, Indian agent for the district, who was in the harbor on his little steamer Viligant, and the Rev. F. Stephenson, Church of England missionary, residing here, came off to the ship at once and reported that all was then quiet, no strange Indians having been seen near the village for five days. Previous to this it appears the place had been somewhat in a state of siege by supposed Bella Coolas, Oweekaynos and members of other tribes, who having been told the Kitkatlahs was responsible for the death of their friends who left Rivers Inlet last autumn in a canoe, were desirous of avenging themselves on the supposed murderers. Kitkatlah village had been for weeks in a state of terror, all work at a standstill, as the Indians dare not leave the village to follow their usual occupations, seal hunting and fishing, as armed strangers had been seen prowling around. A watch was kept all night and armed scouts surrounded the village continually on the lookout for the attacking party whose forms were seen now and again in the bush. Shots were fired on both sides, the Kitkatlahs using an old Hudson's Bay cannon, which, loaded with 40 musket balls, was fired one night at the besiegers seen to be prowling around.

Shortly after anchoring, Mr. Hussey and his armed followers landed in the Quadra's boats and a long consultation was held in the house of the chief of the tribe named Shakes, when evidence was taken by Mr. Hussey, Mr. Stephenson being the interpreter, from several of the Kitkatlahs, who reported what has been stated. During the afternoon several armed parties guided by Indians went out into the bush to ascertain if any of the attacking Indians had left traces behind. Footsteps were seen in many places, but nothing else, though the bush was carefully searched for some distance around the village. The result of the conference was that Mr. Todd, Mr. Stephenson and 15 Indians should be taken in the Quadra to the Kimsquit, Bella Coola and Oweekayno villages and there under the protection of the law "have it out" with these aggrieved Indians and thus prove that the Kitkatlahs were not only innocent, but injured people.

Kitkatlah was found to be an interesting village; one of the most conspicuous objects is the granite monument which old Shakes has erected to his own memory. It consists of a square pedestal, upon this is carved a bear, seated upon its hind quarters, supporting a column about 12 feet high; clutching the top of this column is another small bear looking down on the beholder. The eyes of the larger bear are made of glass let into the stone. The front of the pedestal has this inscription. Mr. Shakes, great chief of the Kitkatlahs. Right side, Whackvite, second brother Neas-comservin, third brother. Left side, Qunnocknock, oldest brother of the chief Mouse Sister. The monument is surrounded with an iron railing; stretched between two wooden posts supported by the front railing was a large piece of calico with the following loyal inscription in large Roman characters:

"God save the Queen and the government. God bless our bishop and preserve his people who trust in him. Praise God for his help. Welcome to our deliverers!"

It was largely a matter of surmise amongst the members of the expedition whether this last sentence alluded to Superintendent Hussey and his gallant band or not! Kitkatlah has its totem poles like other villages in the north; these heraldic symbols are scattered all over the place. Two poles attracted the most attention, one of these had on the top two human figures clasped close together, with tall hats on. This was at once named the twins. The other had an old jack tar seated on the top dressed in the garb of 100 years ago. Mr. Shakes on being questioned about this latter totem said it was very old and indeed from its gray lichen-grown appearance fully warranted the age assigned to it, 100 years.

On the 4th the Quadra left Kitkatlah with the little Vigilant in tow as arranged, and that night anchored in Carter Bay. This bay was so named by Vancouver, from a seaman of the Discovery named John Carter, whose death and burial took place here in June, 1793. He died from eating poisonous mussels gathered at Poison Cove. The mussels, however, were said to have been gathered on the sand and not on the rocks.

The next morning the voyage was resumed under most satisfactory conditions as regards the weather, and the anchor was let go off Bella Bella at noon. Here the Vigilant was left and Mr. Todd and Rev. G. Hopkins joined the Quadra, when she proceeded on her way for Kimsquit at 2 p.m. Having some hours to spare, Port John being the next intended stopping place for the night, Captain Walbran anchored the Quadra near Turn Point, Lama passage, to search for the dangerous rock reported to be off there. In a short time the rock was found and its position exactly ascertained. The rock is a mere pinnacle, being of very small extent, and at low water spring tides has not more than 12 feet of water over it. The rock bears from Turn Point NW by W 1-2 W 4 2-3 cables distant, and is directly in the fairway for vessels making for Lama passage from the south. The report and position of the rock will at once be sent to the department of marine at Ottawa and it will be placed on the chart as soon as possible. The Quadra anchored at Port John about 6 o'clock. At noon of the 6th the ship arrived at Kimsquit village at the head of Dean canal. The water here is very deep and it was not until the shore had been approached very close and after repeated soundings that the anchor was let go in 45 fathoms of water. This was one of the finest days of the trip, the sun shining bright, clear and warm, and the stupendous mountains around, their summits glistening with snow, were seen in all their rugged majesty. In the afternoon Mr. Hussey and party landed at Kimsquit village in three boats, and the Kitkatlahs, brought by the Quadra, had a most satisfactory conference with the villagers, when they proved to the latter they were innocent of the charges laid against them regarding the lost ones, and a general handshaking closed the proceedings. Capt. John, one of the Kimsquit chiefs, placed his house at the disposal of the police party for the "pow-wow," and here one of the Kitkatlahs showed himself a first-class orator. The chief points of his speech are worth recording as a specimen of what an Indian can do in that way after being brought to think for himself and put those thoughts into speech. When the last speaker, who was a Kimsquit, had finished, this man arose and said in Chinook, which was ably interpreted by the Rev. G. Hopkins.

"I am sorry to see the evident distrust with which the last speaker has closed his remarks and hope the explanation given of how some members of our tribe was in the neighborhood of where his friends were lost will show that we had nothing to do with their untimely end."

After making comments on various matters which the Indians had discussed and which remarks were dealt upon in a lucid manner the speaker closed with saying:

"We are law-abiding men and believe that if we commit murder the police, whose duty it is to find it out, will do so and we shall be hung for the crime; but if we were guilty and they did not find it out we believe it is known to the great Deity above, who will punish us eternally for it. We charge you Kimsquits with spreading a rumor that we did the crime; do we look guilty? Here we are in your camp, without a knife on our persons, carrying nothing but a recommendation from Mr. Todd stating we are nothing but good men. Do you think guilty men would come into the camp of the friends of the supposed murdered ones as we have done? We do not wish to fight; we are Christians and know it is wrong to do so, though we are well armed when at home and able to defend ourselves and families. All we want is that this unfortunate affair should be brought to a satisfactory understanding and that we may go about our work without suspecting a foe to be lurking in every bush. We are just as anxious to know the real cause of the death of the lost ones as any of their greatest friends."

The village of Kimsquit is situated at the head of Dean Channel, one of the many channels first examined by Vancouver or his officers and has not, like several others in the neighborhood, been further surveyed. The greatest caution was exercised by Captain Walbran on approaching this anchorage. The village is on the side of a small river and should certainly not be visited by persons at all susceptible to odors of a very unsavory kind, the inhabitants having apparently never given the slightest thought to sanitary arrangements of any kind.

The next morning, April 7th, the Quadra soon travelled the distance from here to Bella Coola, the next stopping place, the weather again being all that could be desired, and upon anchoring at the head of the inlet, North Bentick the head of the inlet, North Bentinck Arm, the Provincial party, Mr. Hussey, Mr. Todd, special constables and Kitkahtlah Indians again landed, the boats taking the party up the river to the village, which is situated at a distance of about a mile from the mouth. It was down this river that Alexander Mackenzie and his party travelled the last stage of their long overland joprney from the Canada of those days, and at 8 o'clock on the morning of the 20th of July, 1793, nearly 100 years ago, found themselves afloat on the tide waters of the Pacific. Their object was attained at last. Shortly after landing a meeting was arranged between the Kitkatlahs and the Bella Coolas, when the same satisfactory and amicable understanding was arrived at between the two tribes as at Kimsquit. On the river bank, a short distance below the village, is erected a marble monument to the memory of one of the Indians drowned from the canoe, from which disaster the present misunderstanding arose. The land around the village of Bella Coola is flat for some distance and has the appearance of being a very rich, loamy soil. Large quantities of potatoes and of a capital quality are grown here by the natives. Mr. Clayton of Bella Bella has a small ranch here with horses and cows upon it, giving the place quite an agricultural appearance.

The next day the Quadra made fast alongside the wharf at Rivers Inlet. Here no consultation was held, but some Indians were taken on board to proceed on the Quadra to the island or islands where the last was reported to have been seen of the lost canoe. The Quadra stayed the night in Safety Cove, steaming down Schooner Passage on the way there, so that the beauties of this narrow waterway could be seen by the voyagers on board. On Sunday, April 9th, the steamer left Safety Cove for Lanz island, one of the Cape Scott group, but a gale setting in from the southeast soon after entering Queen Charlotte Sound and a heavy sea rising, the Indians reported no landing on the island to-day, so the course was altered for Sorrow Island, where in Grief Bay the Quadra anchored about 9 a. m. The police, Mr. Todd and some of the Indians landed and searched the island, but as expected no trace of Indians were found. Capt. Walbran then shaped his course for Port Alexander, so as to be ready to make an early start in the morning for Lanz island, should wind and sea be favorable for landing there. Divine service was held in the saloon this evening, both clergymen officiating. The congregation was a large one, there being a total number on board of 57 persons.

Monday morning was fine and clear, and after a smart run of 40 miles the ship anchored off Lanz Island at 10 a.m. Landing here was effected with great difficulty on account of the surf, but enough of the party did so sufficient to inspect the different spots pointed out by the Kitkatlahs as where they had camped when here about the time the canoe was lost. Their story as told from the first was not contradicted by the remains of the fires, being as they had stated, and evidently lit for camping purposes and not signal fires as the Oweekaynos and others said they were. At 1 p.m. the Quadra sailed and crossing Queen Charlotte Sound with a fresh gale from S SE, anchored in Namu harbor for the night. Whilst lying in this harbor the Kitkatlah Indians gave in the 'tween decks an entertainment consisting of some Indian peace dances and Nock Nock mysteries. Anything supernatural or mysterious as to its origin, is named in Indian parlance Nock Nock. Great credit was due to these Indians for the grotesque masks and dresses they had manufactured in such a short time and much amusement was occasioned by the acting, especially where the medicine doctor draws the disease out of the patient and wafts it away in the air.

From Namu a return was made to Bella Bella, and here in an old Indian house with all parties concerned present a last enquiry was held, and the final conclusion arrived at was that the charge of disaster and murder by the Kitkatlahs was a false and malicious rumor, spread around amongst the Indian tribes hereabouts by evil disposed persons. The canoe and its occupants have been lost most probably through the perils of the sea combined with bad management caused by intoxication as, when leaving Rivers Inlet on this fatal expedition to hunt sea lions on the Sea Otter Rocks many of the occupants were known to have not only been indulging in fire water, but had a quantity of it with them in the canoe. In the address to the Indians at Bella Bella both Superintendent Hussey and Mr. Todd strongly warned them that, if any more of these rumors that had no truth in them were spread around respecting this disaster enquired into, or any other that might occur, the Government would deal most severely with the offenders. The Kitkatlahs were unfortunate enough to be in or near the spot when the canoe was lost, and on that slender basis the rumors were founded and like all rumors increased in proportion as they circulated.

A furious gale from SE and very high sea was encountered yesterday in the Gulf of Georgia, the weather was so bad that with the object of escaping the gale and also landing Chief of Police O'Connell of Nanaimo and others of the party taken on at that place the Quadra anchored there yesterday afternoon.

The distance made by the Quadra on her cruise has been 1512 miles, Queen Charlotte Sound being crossed seven times. The largest number of people on the Quadra at any one time, crew, police party and Indians, being 57 persons.

PASSING BASE MONEY.

Unpleasant Adventure of a Rancher—Phil Morrison's Cunning Move.

New Westminster, April 14.—J. B. Sim, a swell young rancher of Mission, is in jail here for passing a counterfeit $20 American bill at the hotel there on Monday. A man wha was with him at the time, named J. M. Cambridge, fled to the States. Sim used to be in the Bank of British Columbia at Vancouverr.

While City Treasurer Cooksley was on the market this morning somebody enticed his collie away and poisoned it with arsenic on meat. No motive is known.

The manner in which Phil Morrison left here has been ascertained. He had no money and induced a sailor named Julien to go over to Everett, promising him a good job and getting him to buy tickets. There Julien kept him at the hotel two days; no position was secured, and he returned here to find that he had taken a much-wanted man out of the country.

The Mission assault case is proceeding and is likely to last all day. Municipal Clerk Peen is being tried for assault on J. R. Wren. It is believed that Pathmaster Anthony, who made the murderous assault with an axe on Wren, will be extradited from the States, as he has been located.

GOOD TIMES AGAIN.

The Mines Running Full Time—Sheep Stealing—Wiring of Buildings.

Nanaimo, April 14.—The new V. C. Co.'s mines were in full swing yesterday, and as there are a number of vessels on the way it is expected they will be kept busy for some time.

Hull Bros., butchers, have lately lost a number of valuable sheep from their yard on Departure Bay road, but all attempts to discover the thieves have proved futile.

B. Aaronson has sold out his gents' furnishing business to D. McLellan.

A cricket club has been formed among the members of the Nanaimo Infantry. President, Lieut. Dr. Praeger; vice-president, Lieut. W. Bryant; secretary, A. G. King; treasurer, H. Stewart; captain, A. Hart.

At a meeting of the board of underwriters held on Wednesday evening it was decided in future to adopt the rules regarding the wiring of buildings now in force in Victoria.

The conversazione in aid of the hospital will be given in the opera house on the 20th inst.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled

The collier Bawnmore passed up on her way to Nanaimo to-day.

The tug Lorne is in the dry dock. The Romulus will go in on Saturday.

The collier San Mateo, coal laden, from Nanaimo to San Francisco passed out today.

Steamer City of Kingston will not be ready to go on her route until about the 15th of May.

Divers from H.M.S. Garnet will go to Vancouver to-morrow to inspect the hull of the Empress of Japan.

The sealing schooner Venture, Captain McDonald, returned to port to-day. She will start out again to-morrow.

The schooner Enterprise, built in Victoria by Captain Clark, ran to Yokohama in 43 days from Neah bay. She seems to have made the best time of all the fleet across the Pacific.

Collector Milne has imposed a fine of $50 with costs of $100 added in the case of the schooner South Bend, charged with and declared guilty of frequenting a port other than a port of entry. The fine will be paid.

The steamship Mogul of the Northern Pacific steamship line left for Tacoma at 3:30 yesterday. She left 150 tons of freight for Victoria and 700 tons for San Francisco. The City of Puebla took the latter freight aboard to-day.

World's Fair Accommodations.

That Chicago is prepared and abundantly able to furnish comfortable abiding places for the millions of humanity that will flock into that city to see the wonders of the World's Columbian exhibition is shown quite conclusively by a perusal of that timely work entitled "Homes for Visitors to the World's Fair." This work is concisely prepared by trustworthy parties and in addition to showing all the hotels and their locations, contains a list of about 9000 private families who will accommodate visitors in Chicago during the time of the Fair, May 1st to October 30th, giving names and addresses and numbers of rooms each will have to spare.

It also contains 12 full page charts of Chicago, with the aid of which the possessor can select location, correspond with families and in fact complete all arrangements for his stay in Chicago before starting on his journey.

Our agents have been supplied with this book and copies can be had on payment of 50 cents each. Agents will at the same time be pleased to furnish free copy of "New Highway to the Orient," "Banff and Lakes in the Clouds," and "Annotated Time-tables," descriptive of the scenery along the Canadian Pacific railway which will shortly publish special excursion rates to the World's Fair. These pamphlets are tastily gotten up, beautifully printed and illustrated with views and will well repay a perusal.

GEO. M'L. BROWN,
District Passenger Agent,
Vancouver.

DIED.

WILKES—In this city on the 13th inst., Charles Wilkes, a miner, aged 65 years, a native of England.

Funeral to-morrow (Saturday) at 3 p.m., from T. Storey's undertaking rooms, 90 Johnson St.

Good Cabinet Photos
—ONLY—
$2 PER DOZEN,
At JONES' Studio,
60 Yates Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Middle aged man for farm work near Victoria. Wages $25 a month and board. Permanent place for suitable man. Apply Bowness & Creeden, on Thursday at 1 o'clock. ap15-3t

TO LET—New cottages—4 rooms, $7; one larger, with bath, $12. Apply Mrs. P. Wilson, 185 Douglas St., or Clarke St., Spring Ridge. ap14-1m

C. P. N. CO., LD.
Steamer
MAUDE
CAPT. NICKERSON,
Will leave from C.P.N. Co.'s wharf
—FOR—
Alberni & Barclay Sound Ports
MONDAY, APRIL 17th,
At 6 o'clock p. m.
For freight or passage apply at office of company, Wharf street.
The company reserve the right to change this time table at any time without notification.
JOHN IRVING,
ap14-td Manager.

C. P. N. Co., Ld., Steamer
DANUBE
MEYER, MASTER,
Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf
—FOR—
Skidegate and Way Ports
MONDAY, APRIL 17th,
At 6 o'clock p.m.
For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf Street.
The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time, without notification.
JOHN IRVING,
ap14-td Manager.

Mammoth Sale
—AT—
CITY AUCTION MART
58 Broad Street, on
SATURDAY, APRIL 15th, 1893,
At 2 p.m. and 7.30 p.m.
Parlor and Bedroom Suites, Walnut Extension Dining Tables, Centre and other Tables, Cooking and Heating Stoves, Sewing Machine, Bicycle, Art Squares and other Carpets, Writing Desks, Lounges, Mirrors, Crockery and Chinaware, Blankets, Dry Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Gents' Furnishings etc., etc. Also a large collection of Books, Oil Paintings.
Goods on view morning of sale.
Terms Cash.
W. FURNIVAL,
ap14-1t Auctioneer.

—THE—
Stanley House
Mantles, Millinery and General Dry Goods,
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.,
COR. OF FORT ST.
JUST OPENED OUT
Jackets,
Capes,
Etons,
Louaves,
In the Newest Designs and Shades.
Inspection Invited.
W. S. Hampson & Co.

DULUTH
THE DIVISIONAL TERMINUS OF THE CANADA WESTERN RAILWAY, AT DUNCAN'S BAY, VANCOUVER ISLAND.
Duluth has been officially announced to be the Terminus as above.
The first call of $100,000 on the Railway Stock has been fully paid up.
The Lots owned by the Railway Company in Duluth are not for sale.
PRICES OF LOTS range from $75 to $750.
TERMS---One-third Cash, one-third in six months, one-third in twelve months
Interest on deferred payments.
For particulars apply to
F. G. RICHARDS, Jr., No. 51 Yates St.

The HIGHEST Quality
The LOWEST Prices.
The E. B. EDDY Co.
Call your attention to their stock of Manilla, Brown Wrapping, News, Prints, Tissues, Drug, Tea, Toilet and other
...PAPER...
Of the Best Quality and at the Lowest Possible Mill Prices.
VICTORIA AGENT: JAMES MITCHELL, 100 Gov't St.
MAMMOTH WORKS: HULL, CANADA.

THE VERY BEST GOODS IN THE MARKET FOR THE LEAST MONEY
CAN BE HAD AT
McCALLUM'S,
42 Broad Street.

GENTLEMEN,—
I am now prepared to show you for Spring and Summer wear such a complete range of choice Suiting Materials bought from the most noted manufacturers, that they must be seen to be appreciated. English, Scotch and Irish Worsteds, Serges and Tweeds. **I have them all,** and all of the finest grades.
English Serge and Tweed Suitings, $32, $34, $36.
English Fancy Diagonal Worsteds, $35, $37, $38.
Scotch "Cheviots" and "Bannockburns," $25, $28, $30, $32, $34.
Irish Tweeds and Serges, $28, $30, $33, $36.
Trouserings from $5 up, and made to order while waiting.
High class and clean, honest work with above prices. Distances competition. More particularly when I don't want your money if **fit, finish and elegance in style** don't make you feel like a new man, ready to shake hands with yourself.
Place your orders early with
JOHN McCALLUM,
The Fashionable Tailor,
42 Broad Street.

JUST RECEIVED
OOLACHANS FULL ROED. THIS SEASON'S. FROM NAAS RIVER
This delicious fish is just to hand, and packed in small packages suitable for family trade.
For sale by
HENRY SAUNDERS.

Just arrived from England a large consignment of Extra Fine
WALL PAPER
ALSO TWO PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES, of 30 and 60 horsepower, with patent expanding gear, extra wearing parts, extra large fire boxes, and all other patent attachments. Also
A General Line of Hardware,
Fine Assortment of Glass, Paints, and Special Line of Enamelled Ware and Hollow Ware, to be found at
STORE OPPOSITE LELAND HOUSE, DOUGLAS ST.